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**Table of Contents**
By scientific breakthroughs and clinical developments, the Champalimaud Foundation is there to help those who need it most.

António de Sommer Champalimaud, a Portuguese entrepreneur and industrialist, in his will, charted a path for the establishment of an institution of excellence and a worldwide reference for research and clinical care, under the guidance of Leonor Beleza as its President.

Since 2005, hundreds of researchers, support staff, physicians and other healthcare professionals have undertaken this mission. At the Champalimaud Centre for the Unknown, the members of the Champalimaud Research Programme and the Champalimaud Clinical Centre (CCC), work together to investigate fundamental biological processes and search for effective solutions to alleviate the burden of oncological, neurological and mental diseases, while providing state-of-the-art care to the patients of the CCC.

2020 was a challenging year, where exceptional circumstances forced a quick, efficient and safe adaptation of our work practices so that the impact of COVID-19 would be minimised. Throughout the year, the clinical and research communities have proved their resilience, maintaining their tireless work providing the best possible cancer care and advancing on all fronts of scientific research – fundamental, translational and clinical.

One of the important realisations that have emerged during these unprecedented times, is that scientific breakthroughs and collaborative efforts can lead to extraordinary and world-changing accomplishments. The Champalimaud Foundation is proud to be part of a global scientific community that, when circumstances call, comes together for the benefit of everyone.
Structure

Champalimaud Research (CR)

Champalimaud Clinical Centre (CCC)

Champalimaud Centre for the Unknown (CCU)

Champalimaud Foundation (CF)

Direction Team
Celso Matos, Henrique Veiga-Fernandes, Joe Paton

Neuroscience Groups
- Behaviour & Metabolism
- Behavioural Neuroscience
- Circuit Dynamics & Computation
- Collective Behaviour
- Cortical Circuits
- Learning
- Neural Circuits & Behaviour
- Neurobiology of Action
- Neuroethology
- Sensorimotor Integration
- Systems Neuroscience
- Theoretical Neuroscience
- Vision to Action

Experimental Clinical Research Groups
- Cancer Development & Innate Immune Evasion
- Computational Clinical Imaging
- Immunotherapy / ImmunoSurgery
- Molecular & Experimental Pathology
- Myeloma Lymphoma Research
- Neuropsychiatry
- Preclinical MRI
- Radiopharmacology

Neuroscience Groups
- Behaviour & Metabolism
- Behavioural Neuroscience
- Circuit Dynamics & Computation
- Collective Behaviour
- Cortical Circuits
- Learning
- Neural Circuits & Behaviour
- Neurobiology of Action
- Neuroethology
- Sensorimotor Integration
- Systems Neuroscience
- Theoretical Neuroscience
- Vision to Action

Research Associates
- Computational Cognitive Decision Science
- Development of Neural Circuits
- Innate Behaviour
- Neural Circuits for Visuomotor Behaviour

Adjoint Labs
- Intelligent Systems
- Social Neuro Endocrinology

Visiting Scientists
- Cognitive-Motor Interface

CR SAB *

Graduate Programme SAB *

* The Scientific Advisory Board (SAB) consists of external scientists who provide helpful guidance to CR Programmes and Research Groups.
2020 was a year unlike any other. We had to take it one day at a time, never sure if we'll be able to go to work or even leave our homes. So we've decided that the 2020 annual report will also be unlike its predecessors.

In this report, we'll travel through the year one day at a time. By following the twists and turns as they happened, we were heartened to see how even though many things have changed, others, despite everything, stayed the same.
The Year Begins at CR ★

Champalimaud Internal Seminar Series (CISS) ★
Mauricio Toro (Learning lab), Andrada Ianus (Preclinical MRI lab)

Charity Bake Sale ★
For: Dinis

Colloquium ★
Stein Aerts (VIB-KU Leuven Center for Brain & Disease Research). Deciphering gene expression programs using single-cell genomics and deep learning

CR Happy Hour ★
By: the Neuroethology & Vision to Action labs

The CR Community in Numbers

479 CR MEMBERS

NATIONALITIES

39

PORTUGUESE

322

Non-Portuguese

157

Portuguese

4 Angola
1 Argentina
1 Austria
1 Belgium
6 Brazil
2 Canada
3 Cape Verde
1 Chile
2 Colombia
1 Croatia
1 Czech Republic
1 Ecuador
1 Finland

11 France
11 Germany
4 Greece
7 India
1 Iran
1 Ireland
5 Israel
11 Italy
1 Jamaica
1 Japan
1 Mauritius
2 Norway
1 Philippines

4 Poland
322 Portugal
3 Romania
1 South Africa
27 Spain
3 Switzerland
1 Taiwan
4 The Netherlands
4 Turkey
10 United Kingdom
14 United States
2 Venezuela
1 Vietnam

FEMALE

MALE

NON-BINARY

283

193

3
New Algorithm Facilitates Multiple Myeloma Diagnosis

Whole-body diffusion weighted imaging has proven value to detect multiple myeloma lesions. However, the large volume of imaging data and the presence of numerous lesions makes the reading process challenging. In this study, the Computational Clinical Imaging Group and the Myeloma Lymphoma Research Group present a new semi automatic algorithm that provides equally reproducible segmentation results when compared to the manual segmentation of radiologists. This new method may therefore aid accurate assessment of tumour burden.

24 Workshop ★
Neuronautas – A case study of the Academias Gulbenkian do Conhecimento (Instituto Universitário de Lisboa)

23 Colloquium ▼
Anne Von Philipsborn (Aarhus University). Female copulation song is modulated by seminal fluid

22 Movie Nights ★
Film: Parasite

ProjectAr – Screening a Better Tomorrow

ProjectAr is a spin-off of the outreach initiative Ar | Respire connosco. This decade-old initiative was created by a group of scientists and science communicators at the CCU. Through the years, the Ar Team has been exploring science with the public from different angles and formats. This time, it has crossed science with cinema! ProjectAr | Watch – Talk – Act events begin with a film’s screening, which then evolves into an open conversation, hopefully leading to positive action.

The second ProjectAr event brought over 200 participants to the CCU Auditorium for a special screening of the French documentary “Tomorrow”. Released in 2015, this documentary exposes creative and exciting examples of people trying to change the future of humanity and the environment.

Following the film, representatives from local and global initiatives presented their work. These initiatives included our own Green Team @CCU, É P’ra Amanhã, Caravana Agroecológica, Zero waste lab, Coopérnico, and others. Placing a spotlight on these initiatives created an opportunity for future engagement with these or related ones.
Solving the climate crisis requires action and behaviour-change in our workplace. Hospitals and laboratories are significant consumers of water and producers of waste. The Green Team is a grassroots movement of CCU staff motivated to reduce waste production, as well as energy and water consumption, thus reducing the adverse environmental impacts of our work.

In January 2020, the CF was one of 200 institutions in Lisbon who signed, with Lisbon’s Municipality, the Lisbon European Green Capital 2020 Commitment – Climate Action Lisbon 2030, pledging to develop more sustainable ways of working. Inspired by this institutional commitment, the Green Team worked towards decreasing the energy consumption within the Research labs, improving the conditions for bicycle users and reducing food waste in our cafeteria, amongst other pro-environment initiatives.

Despite the disruption caused by the pandemic, the Green Team continued to reach out to the, now scattered, CCU community, increasing its membership to over 100 members and improving the communication of GT initiatives by creating a dedicated website and sharing tips for more environmentally-friendly working practices, even for those in remote work.

CF President Leonor Beleza at the Lisbon European Green Capital 2020 Commitment ceremony, introducing the Green Team plans for the year.
Mice “Detectives” Hint at How Humans Read between the Lines

Sherlock Holmes is perhaps the most famous example of the power of inference – using indirect evidence to reveal hidden truths. Understanding the neural basis of this sophisticated cognitive skill has been a long-standing challenge for neuroscientists. In this study, the Systems Neuroscience lab presents a way out of the crux with a clever experiment that comes in two flavours – human and mouse.

The team developed two tasks that can be solved using similar strategies: one for mice, where the animals search for water (reward) in two different locations in a box, and a video game where humans have to defeat an enemy (reward) that can be hidden in two different locations of a castle. Analysing the number of rewards and the changes between reward sites showed that both mice and humans learn to perform the task optimally.

MRI Method Provides Unprecedented Insight into the Brain’s Wiring Network

Thoughts, sensations and emotions zap across the brain via a meshwork of fine nerve fibers called axons. Axon size is crucially important for general brain function as well as in certain neurological conditions. Experts have been striving to establish a means to non-invasively measure these fibers for many years. An international team, including the Preclinical MRI lab has now developed a novel MRI method that manages to do just that.

Image shows a rat’s Corpus Callosum, which is a brain region rich in neural fibres (axons). The analysis in this research article focuses on different Regions of Interests (ROIs) within the Corpus Callosum.

Antonia Groneberg Wins Dance Your PhD Contest

In the winning video, produced over evenings and weekends with the support of volunteers from the CR Support and Research Groups, Groneberg and the pupils of her after-hours CR Dance Class, spin, wiggle and sway as they dance out the conclusions of her thesis work as a joint student at the Vision to Action and Collective Behaviour labs. According to one of the judges of the contest, the video “merged dance and science for an aesthetically stunning and intellectually profound masterwork of art.” Later in 2020, the work depicted in this video was published in the scientific journal Current Biology.

Storyboard: Antonia Groneberg (Vision to Action and Collective Behaviour labs), André Mendonça (CEO Team)
Camera and Editing: Alexandre Azinheira (CEO Team)
Motion Tracking: Alexandre Laborde (Vision to Action lab), Dario Sarra (Systems Neuroscience lab), Sebastián Malagon (Sensorimotor Integration lab), André Monteiro (Circuit Dynamics & Computation lab), Jovin Jacobs (Neural Circuits & Behavior lab), Cristina Ferreira (Innate Behaviour group), Christa Rhiner (Stem Cells & Regeneration lab), Rita Saraiva, João Cruz and Simone Zacarias (CR Support Units)
External Dancers: Louise Lindblad, Tita Pardal, Margarida Garcia, Catarina Almeida, Tefy Sancho, Diogo Guerra, Dasha Smith
Little Dancers: Mana, Minho, Cá, Maddie, Sofia, Aurora, Kiko, Eduardo, Laura, Leo, Matteo

Dr. Antonio Groneberg wins Dance Your PhD Contest.
The Last Happy Hour of the Year

That Friday afternoon, just like in all those before it since the formation of CR in 2007, the community got together to socialise over chips, beer and pickled tremoços. Little did we know that just one week after, this casual scene would become unimaginable.

CR Happy Hour ★
By: the Circuit Dynamics & Computation and Behaviour & Metabolism labs

CRAR 2020

Working from Home
In March, we packed up our computers and headed home to create temporary working stations, which ended up being quite a bit more permanent than we had hoped. Though often invaded by kids or pets, these “home offices” kept us moving forward and connected throughout the rest of the year.
CR Virtual Scientific Events Platform

“It is fair to say that before the pandemic, video conferences were considered impractical and so, only used when strictly necessary. Suddenly, from one day to the next, we found ourselves with no other choice. The events agenda was put on hold, and together with the AVTech Support Team, we quickly established a Virtual Events Platform in order to keep the CR community connected internally as well as with the broad scientific community.”

Scientific Events Coordinator: António José Monteiro

53 Countries

27929 PARTICIPATIONS

4751 Virtual Sessions

1560240 MIN ≈ 3 YEARS

05 Setting up Remote Contingency Plan for All Events
CR Zoom platform is set up for remote meetings for the community

13 Portugal Enters Lockdown

09 CISS
Claudia Feierstein (Neural Circuits for Visuomotor Behaviour lab), Ana Gregório (Systems Oncology lab)

16 First Online CISS
Francisco Romero-Ferrero (Collective Behaviour lab)

Three FCT PhD Fellowships
Andreia Maia (Molecular & Experimental Pathology lab), Kcénia Bourgrova (Systems Neuroscience lab), Mirjam Heinemans (Behavioural Neuroscience lab)

11 All Platforms Communicate Preventive COVID-19 Measures

The Champalimaud Internal Seminar Series (CISS)
CISS events are normally held at the CCU’s Seminar Room, but this was the first CISS event ever to be held online. These seminars normally feature two 25-minute presentations by CR investigators that present their work to the community and receive feedback in a quick 5-minute Q&A session. The CISS helps create a community where everyone is familiar with each other’s work, and cooperation and collaboration are facilitated.
Learning to Represent Signals Spike by Spike

Neurons in the brain are known to fire short electrical impulses (or “spikes”) to communicate with each other. Individual neurons fire such spikes in an almost random manner, so that experimental observers are required to average over many observations in order to retrieve meaningful signals. For many decades, researchers have believed that neurons similarly need to average out the “noise” in order to retrieve the “signal”. In this study, by the Theoretical Neuroscience lab, the team shows that this randomness could simply be the signature of a highly energy-efficient “neural code”. Starting from first principles, the researchers mathematically derive rules by which neurons need to adjust the synapses that connect them in order to move into such a state.

Nature or Nurture?

How does the family environment shape a female’s choice of a mate? To tackle this question, the Neuroethology lab conducted fostering experiments between closely related subspecies of mice, which can mate, but normally don’t in the wild. Their results reveal that the family environment works to suppress the “primacy effect”, which leads female mice to opt for the first male they come across as sexually mature adults, even if it’s from the wrong subspecies. In other words, females undergo “sexual imprinting” in childhood that overrides the adult’s primacy effect, thereby preserving the separation of the two subspecies.

Pulling Together Scientific Resources to Battle against COVID-19

Crowdfight COVID-19 is a free service for COVID-19 researchers that aims to harness the huge pool of highly skilled scientists, willing to volunteer their time and expertise for fighting the pandemic. The basic idea is simple, but powerful – create a platform that will facilitate the process of matching resources with needs.

The platform was created by an international team, including several members from the Collective Behaviour lab, namely Gonzalo de Polavieja (Principal investigator), Francisco Romero (PhD student) and Francisco Heras (Postdoctoral researcher). These researchers used their skills in the field of AI development to work on the algorithms that match volunteers with requests by scientists.

The COLife Alliance

The CF is a part of COLife – an alliance between six research institutes in life sciences located in the region of Lisbon and Oeiras. In the context of the COVID pandemic, the “COLife – Sharing Information Together” campaign was launched with the goal of sharing credible information, in a dynamic, useful and accessible way.

CR/Connect

CR/Connect was launched by Tiago Quendera (PhD Student) and Zachary Mainen (Principal investigator) to keep the community connected during the pandemic. More than 100 participants joined over 20 individual groups on varied themes such as mental health and meditation to bread making, modelling, video-gaming and gardening.
**Competitive External Funding**

### Grants & Fellowships

April was one of the months with the highest number of newly awarded competitive external funding, the majority of which was attributed by the European Commission's Horizon 2020 Funding Scheme.

**In 2020, CR scientists received 9.6M€ in competitive external funds, these new projects join funds previously awarded and still running in 2020.**

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<td>2.95 M€</td>
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* Researcher-Initiated Grants

### Horizon 2020

Between 2014 and 2020, CR investigators received significant support for their work from the European Commission's Horizon 2020 programme, across its three main pillars, as well as its specific objective Spreading Excellence and Widening Participation (SEWP), significantly contributing to the overall success of CF in this programme, which amounted to €30.84 M.

- **Excellent Science**
  - 4 ERC Starting Grants
  - 6 ERC Consolidator Grants
  - 1 ERC Advanced Grant
  - 3 ERC Proof of Concept Grants
  - 13 Marie Skłodowska-Curie Actions Individual Fellowships
  - 2 Marie Skłodowska-Curie Actions Innovative Training Network Grants
  - 1 European Innovation Council Future and Emerging Technologies Grant
  - 30 projects
  - 23.5 M€

- **Industrial Leadership**
  - 1 Multi-omics for genotype-phenotype associations Grant
  - 1 project
  - 0.7 M€

- **Societal Challenges**
  - 1 AI for Health Imaging Grant
  - 1 Big Data and AI for Monitoring Health Status and Quality of Life after Cancer Grant
  - 2 projects
  - 1.7 M€

- **Specific Objective SEWP**
  - 1 ERA Chair Grant
  - 5 Widening Fellowships
  - 6 projects
  - 3.2 M€

* Funding entries in the timeline section of the report are specified according to the official award date.
What Will Our New Fellows Be Working On?

In the project "MRI Based Mapping of Microscopic Brain Composition in a Mouse Model of Alzheimer’s Disease", Andrade Ianus (Preclinical MRI lab) will combine state-of-the-art magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) and novel computational methods to identify imaging biomarkers for the early prediction of Alzheimer’s Disease.

João Marques (Sensorimotor Integration lab) will investigate how the activity of neurons that integrate movement with visual information (called HS Cells) and serotonergic neurons change during motor learning, under the project "Understanding How Self-Movement Representations Shape Motor Learning."

Developing technology to enable the manipulation of selected neurons in targeted visual brain areas with simultaneous measurements of neural activity throughout the visual hierarchy of the cortex is the goal of the project of Lamiae Abdeladim (Cortical Circuits lab), titled “Mesoscale holographic interrogation of visual circuits mediating predictive coding.”

Paavo Huoviala (Sensorimotor Integration lab) will pursue the project “Active Sensation In Motor-control Of Flies” with the goal of assessing the behavioural capacities of flies and identify underlying visuomotor pathways.

CCU COVID-19 Test Lab

To ensure the safety of patients arriving at the Champalimaud Clinical Centre, as well as the safety of all CCU employees, the CCU COVID Test Lab was established through the collaboration of the Champalimaud Hospital Infection Control Committee and the Molecular & Transgenic Tools Platform. The lab was certified by the National Health Institute Dr Ricardo Jorge on April 15th 2020 and began testing that same week. Having also participated in the first serological studies made in Portugal and contributed to the national effort to test nursing homes, the COVID testing laboratory has carried out, in 2020, more than 18400 RT-PCR tests, more than 4300 antigen tests and more than 5600 serological tests.

During its first few months of operation, the CCU COVID Test Lab was functioning thanks to a task force made up of volunteers from all across CR. Including individuals from several Scientific and Technological platforms, the CR Support Units and Investigators.

Thank you!

Scientific & Technological Platforms
- Ana Catarina Cartel
- Ana Raquel Tomás
- Alexandra Teixeira
- Ana Cunha
- Daniela Freire
- Inês Marques
- Inês Oliveira
- Isabel Campos
- João Báloto
- Joana Gomes
- Joana Monteiro
- Kateryna Khloot
- Madalena Martins
- Maria Vito
- Maria Inês Romano

CR Research Groups
- Henrique Veiga-Fernandes
- Mireia Castilho
- Adán Salas
- Ana Paula Elias
- Ana Querós
- Ana Rasteiro
- Anabel Rodriguez
- André Monteiro
- Andrea Spinazzola
- Andrea Maia
- Anna Hobiss
- António Dias
- Bruna Costa
- Bruno Raposo
- Carolina Alves
- Caterina Brás Pereira
- Catarina Pimentel

- Coordination role
- * Participated in conjunction with her role at the CCC

Funding

Webinar

Thiago Carvalho (Graduate Programme Coordinator) participated in Conferência FFMS “Assim fala a ciência. O que sabemos hoje?”

CCU Test Lab Launches into Action

Discussion panel with Q&A – COLife Sharing information together - “How to access reliable information?”

CISS

Georg Raiser (Learning lab)
27 CISS ▼
Gonçalo Cotovio (Neuropsychiatry Unit)

FCT and European Commission Collaborative Grant

28 CCU COVID-19 Test Lab @ Loulé County
In collaboration with the Algarve Biomedical Center, the CCU Test Lab performed a three-day SARS-CoV-2 serological screening of the exposed population of Loulé County in Portugal.

29 Webinar
Discussion panel with Q&A – COLife Sharing information together “Let’s talk about vaccines”

30 CCU COVID-19 Test Lab Collaborates in Nurse Study
The Serological Screening study, performed in collaboration with “Ordem dos Enfermeiros”, focused on the nurses of two public hospitals with high COVID-19 exposure (Hospital de Santo António in Porto and Hospital de Santa Maria in Lisbon)

Let’s Dance!
To lift the spirits, the CEO Team prepared a dance video made up of contributions from CR members and their families.

The Neuropsychiatry Unit Integrates into the European Joint Programme on Rare Disease
The project – co-funded by Fundação para a Ciência e a Tecnologia and the European Commission – aims to map the entire disease pathway of dystonia from the molecular to the brain network level in mice and humans and to identify new targets for treatment.

CR Dance Video

Portugal Exits Lockdown

04 CISS
Beatriz Belbut (Cortical Circuits lab)

8 FCT PhD Fellowship
Beatriz Belbut (Cortical Circuits lab)

11 CISS
Terufumi Fujiwara (Sensorimotor Integration lab)
Webinar ♦

Thiago Carvalho (Grad. Prog. Coord.) participates in "Covid19 e Imunidade: o que sabemos e o que não sabemos." (Instituto Serrapilheira)

16 National Scientist Day 2020 ♦

Q&A with animations. Participants: Adriana Sánchez Danès (Cancer & Stem Cell Biology lab), Albino Oliveira-Maia (Neuropsychiatry Unit), Cristina Afonso (Neurobiology of Action lab), Cristina Godinho da Silva and Marko Šestan (Immunophysiology lab), Daniel Münch and Dennis Goldschmidt (Behaviour & Metabolism lab), Filipe Rodrigues (Learning lab), Gonzalo de Polavieja (Collective Behaviour lab), Rita Flor (Cancer Development & Innate Immune Evasion lab); Production: CEO team

17 Webinar ♦

Discussion panel with Q&A COLife Sharing information together – "Cientistas na era COVID19, entre o confinamento e a retoma"

18 CISS ▼

Nuno Couto (Systems Oncology lab)

Simons-Emory International Consortium on Motor Control ♦

Machine Learning Course for High School Students ♦

The Science Education Project LaMAA ran this course over six separate days in May and June using the online platform Discord

21 Life & Future @CCU ★

First meeting of a new volunteer-ran initiative for optimising regulations concerning CR Work Culture

22 Behzad et al. ♦

Relationship between odor intensity estimates and COVID-19 prevalence prediction in a swedish population. Chemical Senses. (Systems Neuroscience lab)

25 CISS ▼

Patrícia Francisco (Behaviour & Metabolism lab)

Learning What’s Dangerous Is Costly, but Social Animals Have a Way of Lowering the Price

For social animals, such as humans, being able to recognise the presence of a threat in the behaviour of others could literally be a life-saver. Yet, animals do not always instinctively know that when a group member displays freezing – one of the three universal defence responses – it means trouble. In a pair of studies published in 2020, scientists from the Behavioural Neuroscience lab demonstrated how animals acquire this ability and identify the neural circuitry crucial for implementing it.
**CR Open Colloquia**

The CR Colloquia series has always been open to external participants, but since all events have become virtual, special adjustments had to be made to maintain this approach. In the end of May, we have expanded our webinar capacity to allow open online seminars, following with 14 Open Colloquia until the end of the year.

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**Boehringer Ingelheim Fonds Fellowship**

Catarina Costa

(Cell Fitness lab)

**H2020-SOCIETAL CHALLENGES – Health, Demographic Change & Well-Being Grant**

Nickolas Papanikolaou, Head of the Computational Clinical Imaging Group, Receives Procancer-I Grant

Coordinated by Idryma Technologias Kai Erevnas in Greece, the consortium gathers 19 participants, from 11 different countries in the project “An AI platform integrating imaging data and models, supporting precision care through prostate cancer’s continuum”. This international team will develop advanced artificial intelligence models to address unmet clinical needs in prostate cancer.

---

**CCU COVID-19 Test Lab Assists Instituto da Segurança Social**

In this two-months long project, SARS-CoV-2 PCR tests were administered to staff of social entities under a protocol with Instituto da Segurança Social.

**Tsiknakis et al.**

Interpretable artificial intelligence framework for COVID-19 screening on chest X-rays. Experimental and Therapeutic Medicine. (Computational Clinical Imaging Group)

**The CR Open Colloquia Series Begins**
01 International Children’s Day

In this animated video, six Champalimaud kids shared their thoughts about various topics, including the work of their parents!

02 Mendonça et al.

The impact of learning on perceptual decisions and its implication for speed-accuracy tradeoffs. Nature Communications. (Systems Neuroscience lab)

Dias et al.

Extracellular vesicles enriched in hsa-miR-301a-3p and hsa-miR-1293 dynamics in clear cell renal cell carcinoma patients: potential biomarkers of metastatic disease. Cancers (Basel). (Systems Oncology lab)

08 CISS

Vanda Póvoa (Cancer Development & Innate Immune Evasion lab)

Agrati et al.


09 Oliveira et al.


10 Rebelo de Almeida et al.

Zebrafish xenografts as a fast screening platform for bevacizumab cancer therapy. Communications Biology. (Cancer Development & Innate Immune Evasion lab)

10 Messina et al.


17 CR Retreat Celebration

CR Annual Retreat

Each year, the members of the CR Community pack their bags and travel to a lovely location for a four-day community-building experience with non-stop scientific and social events. Even though this year the physical retreat was cancelled, the Communications, Events & Outreach Team created a three-day campaign celebrating this cherished event.

Zebrafish Offer a Fast Screening Platform for Cancer Drug That Targets Blood-Vessel Growth

Since tumours often induce the growth of blood vessels as a means of receiving nutrients, it was thought that drugs that suppress this process may be an effective cancer treatment. However, despite promising preclinical results, average response rates to such therapies are reduced for most cancers, while incurring in remarkable costs and side effects. In this study, the Cancer Development & Innate Immune Evasion lab presents a quick, four day personalised medicine assay, where zebrafish avatars help determine whether a patient would benefit from this therapy or not.
You Didn’t Choose to Watch This Talk

As we discover more about how the brain works, questions that used to be a purely philosophical matter – such as the existence of free will – begin falling into the realm of neuroscience.

Will you join the tens of thousands of people who have already watched this intriguing talk by Hedi Young, a PhD student at the Cortical Circuits lab? Perhaps the answer is not up to you.

New Virtual Seminar Series: Brain-Body Interactions (BBIS)

Created by Carlos Ribeiro (Behaviour & Metabolism lab) and Asya Rolls (Technion, Israel), this series has quickly established itself as the main platform where top scientists in the field present their work and discuss it with an engaged audience. While curated and coordinated by Ribeiro and Rolls, the series is ran and moderated by a worldwide network of students and postdocs working in the US (Harvard), Portugal (CCU), and Israel (Technion).

Global Consortium for Reproductive Longevity and Equality Grant

Carlos Ribeiro and Zita Santos are among the few non-US scientists to receive the first grant from the Global Consortium for Reproductive Longevity and Equality (GCRLE), a joint initiative of the Buck Institute for Research on Aging (USA) and the Bia-Echo Foundation.

The hypothesis driving this project is based on innovative findings made in the lab and published in August (Carvalho-Santos et al.). Their results reveal that changes in the nutritional requirements of sex cells make female flies crave sugar. In the GCRLE project, the team is planning to investigate this newly-discovered phenomenon more deeply as well as analyse whether dietary treatments can help reduce or even reverse fertility decline in aging fruit flies.

Global Consortium for Reproductive Longevity and Equality

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New Virtual Seminar Series: Brain-Body Interactions (BBIS)

Created by Carlos Ribeiro (Behaviour & Metabolism lab) and Asya Rolls (Technion, Israel), this series has quickly established itself as the main platform where top scientists in the field present their work and discuss it with an engaged audience. While curated and coordinated by Ribeiro and Rolls, the series is ran and moderated by a worldwide network of students and postdocs working in the US (Harvard), Portugal (CCU), and Israel (Technion).

Global Consortium for Reproductive Longevity and Equality Grant

Carlos Ribeiro and Zita Santos are among the few non-US scientists to receive the first grant from the Global Consortium for Reproductive Longevity and Equality (GCRLE), a joint initiative of the Buck Institute for Research on Aging (USA) and the Bia-Echo Foundation.

The hypothesis driving this project is based on innovative findings made in the lab and published in August (Carvalho-Santos et al.). Their results reveal that changes in the nutritional requirements of sex cells make female flies crave sugar. In the GCRLE project, the team is planning to investigate this newly-discovered phenomenon more deeply as well as analyse whether dietary treatments can help reduce or even reverse fertility decline in aging fruit flies.
How Do Individual Genetic Differences Influence Mortality from COVID-19?

MHC is a group of genes that code for proteins that help the immune system recognise foreign invaders. Taking the data deposited in the GISAID database, the Immunotherapy/ImmunoSurgery lab made predictions to gauge how variants in the SARS-CoV-2 genome may affect peptide binding to the most frequent MHC types in Africa, Asia and Europe. Their results indicate that MHC typing along with viral sequence analysis should be considered in studies examining clinical outcomes in patients with COVID-19.

This research article was published as part of the “BEAT-CANCER-AND-INFECTIONS” Alliance.

Online Smell-Test Can Help You Detect COVID-19 Cases and Map Their Spread

The high infection rate of the SARS-CoV-2 virus means that finding a quick and easy way to detect COVID-19 cases is critical for personal and public health. However, widespread physiological COVID-19 testing is challenging to implement.

This is where SmellTracker comes in. This simple test relies on the fact that loss of sense of smell is one of the main symptoms of COVID-19. It offers an easy way for individuals to assess their olfaction at home while gathering vital information about patterns of COVID-19 symptoms across the population.

Originally developed in the lab of Israeli scientist Noam Sobel, SmellTracker is an international study that involves multiple collaborators, including CR’s Systems Neuroscience lab. So far, more than 10,000 individuals from 134 countries participated in the study, which has been providing promising preliminary results.

MHC is a group of genes that code for proteins that help the immune system recognise foreign invaders. Taking the data deposited in the GISAID database, the Immunotherapy/ImmunoSurgery lab made predictions to gauge how variants in the SARS-CoV-2 genome may affect peptide binding to the most frequent MHC types in Africa, Asia and Europe. Their results indicate that MHC typing along with viral sequence analysis should be considered in studies examining clinical outcomes in patients with COVID-19.

This research article was published as part of the “BEAT-CANCER-AND-INFECTIONS” Alliance.
20
BBIS ▼
Monica Dus (University of Michigan). Epigenetic reprogramming of taste by diet

22
Four “la Caixa” Junior Leadership Fellowships ▲

23
Colloquium ▼
Ansgar Büschges (University of Cologne). The complexity of the ordinary – neural control of locomotion

28
Machado et al. ♦
Shared and specific signatures of locomotor ataxia in mutant mice. elife. (Neural Circuits & Behaviour lab)

"La Caixa" Foundation Junior Leadership Fellowships Awarded to Four CR Investigators

Andrada Ianus (Preclinical MRI lab) aims to develop an MRI method for detecting the early neural signatures of Alzheimer’s Disease (AD).

Adrien Jouary (Vision to Action lab) will work on understanding how neurons coordinate their activity to control fine sequences of movements and to breakthrough our understanding of the brain activity.

Roel Wolterink (Immunophysiology lab) will attempt to decipher the architecture and language of pulmonary neuroimmune communication by developing and implementing broad-range systems to measure and characterise neuroimmune interactions.

Esha Madan (Cell Fitness lab) aims to identify molecular pathways involved in the formation and growth of breast cancer.

2020 Scientific Publications

Funding

The summer months are usually more quiet. But this August we’ve had a hot wave of publications instead.

03
Comments

07
Case Reports

01
Book Chapter

07
Editorials

62
Research articles

19
Pre-Prints

23
Reviews

1 Fernandez et al. ♦
Salvage surgery with organ preservation for patients with local regrowth after watch and wait: Is it still possible? Diseases of the Colon & Rectum. (Molecular & Experimental Pathology lab)

12 Zhang et al. ♦
Sex, Flies and Videotape

For many years, fruit fly investigators have been engaged in a passionate debate over the role of an organ called the ovipositor in courtship. Various reports implicated the sudden emergence of this organ in both sexual rejection and acceptance. Now, researchers at the Innate Behaviour lab, discovered that the ovipositor plays a crucial role in the transition from courtship to copulation.

The schematic on the left shows the setup used in this study. It relies on a method called optogenetics in which scientists selectively modify neurons so that they can switch their activity on and off using light. With this approach, the scientists identified neurons that control the extrusion of the ovipositor.

Scientists Discover a Social Safety Cue

Freezing is one of the three universal defence responses, together with fight and flight. This response is the best course of action in situations where escape is either impossible or less advantageous than just staying still with the hope of remaining unnoticed. The Behavioural Neuroscience lab has recently demonstrated that individual fruit flies freeze in response to an inescapable threat. This finding triggered their curiosity, would this behaviour change if there were other flies around? The answer to this question led to the discovery of a social safety cue – movement. This finding, published in the scientific journal Nature Communications, marks a new phase in our understanding of how social communication works.

In one of the experiments, the scientists used blind flies, which do not perceive the looming shadow and therefore do not freeze. When a normal fly was in the presence of these blind flies, it froze significantly less (blue trace) compared with solitary flies (black trace) or those who were grouped with normal flies (red trace). Groups made of only blind flies didn’t freeze at all (grey trace).

New Connectivity Map Highlights Brain Circuits Associated with Mania

For most lay people, mania is a manifestation of bipolar disorder, a psychiatric illness that is typically not associated with brain lesions. However, mania can also appear following a brain injury in people with no previous history of bipolar disorder. Identifying the brain circuits affected in these “lesional” cases of mania, in addition to contributing to understanding the underlying mechanisms, could help find more effective treatments for bipolar disorder. A study by the Neuropsychiatry Unit provides significant progress in the matter.

While lesions associated with mania can occur in multiple brain regions, they converge to specific brain circuits, resulting in a brain-wide connectivity map. In this map, regions associated with mania are shown in warm colours, whereas regions that are not are shown in cool colours. Six examples of specific lesions associated with mania are highlighted in green.
**Stronger Together in the Microbiome**

In this study, the Behaviour & Metabolism lab shared important insight into the intriguing topic of microbiome-host relationship. The team used an array of high-tech tools in the fruit fly model organism to reveal that gut microbes feed each other to overcome dietary deficiencies, change host behaviour and improve reproduction.

![Schematic describing the metabolic interactions between two types of gut microbes and their potential effects on the bacterial community and the host.](image)

**25 Henriques et al.**

Metabolic cross-feeding in imbalanced diets allows gut microbes to improve reproduction and alter host behaviour. Nature Communications. (Behaviour & Metabolism lab)

**27 Meng et al.**

Human umbilical cord-derived mesenchymal stem cell therapy in patients with COVID-19: a phase 1 clinical trial. Signal Transduction and Targeted Therapy. (Immunotherapy / ImmunoSurgery lab)

**31 Carvalho-Santos et al.**

Cellular metabolic reprogramming controls sugar appetite in Drosophila. Nature Metabolism. (Behaviour & Metabolism lab)

**The Academic Year Begins**

CR has always dedicated considerable efforts to the development and implementation of outstanding educational programmes, advanced courses, and workshops. Among these, two main endeavours are the International Neuroscience & Physiology Doctoral Programme (INPDP) and the CAJAL Advanced Neuroscience Training Programme.

In 2020, due to the pandemic and to the fact that CR shares common spaces with clinical facilities at the CCU, the CAJAL Advanced Courses were canceled. Similarly, the traditional recruitment of a 2020 INPDP class was suspended. Instead, a small number of students, who will integrate the doctoral programme in the 2021 Edition, were directly recruited to specific labs.

**International Neuroscience & Physiology Doctoral Programme (INPDP)**

**Director**

Joe Paton

**Education Committee**

Adriana Sánchez-Danés
Christa Rhiner
Eugenia Chiappe
Marta Moita
Susana Lima

**Coordinator**

Thiago Carvalho

**Programme Managers**

Maria Teresa Dias
Simone Zacarias (until September 2020)

**Programme Assistant Manager**

Jorge Henriques (from October 2020)

**Graduate Programme 2020 Scientific Advisory Board**

Alessandro Treves, Neuroscience coordinator, International School for Advanced Studies, Trieste; Gilles Laurent, Director Max Planck Institute for Brain Research, Frankfurt; Darcy Kelley, co-Director of the Doctoral Program in Neurobiology and Behavior, Columbia University; Maria Leptin, Director of EMBO, the European Molecular Biology Organization

**Students Recruited in 2020**

Ana Sofia Marques (Cancer & Stem Cell Biology lab)
Dean Rance (Collective Behaviour lab)
Margarida Caio (Stem Cells & Regeneration lab)
Naz Belkaya (Circuit Dynamics & Computation lab)
Rory Beresford (Behaviour & Metabolism lab)
**Henrique Veiga-Fernandes Awarded Chan Zuckerberg Initiative Grant**

The project, selected for the Single-Cell Analysis of Inflammation grant, comprises a team of three prominent scientists who will join forces to unravel neuro-immune interactions and their potential therapeutic contributions to pulmonary infection and inflammation. The team plans to attack this complex problem by combining their unique expertise in the fields of immunology and neuroscience.

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**Groneberg et al.**

Early-life social experience shapes social avoidance reactions in larval zebrafish. Current Biology. (Collective Behaviour and Vision to Action labs)

**Chan Zuckerberg Initiative Grant**

07 BBIS ▼

Stephen Simpson (University of Sydney). Towards resolving the Protein Paradox in longevity and late-life health

**Trivizakis et al.**

Advancing COVID-19 differentiation with a robust preprocessing and integration of multi-institutional open-repository computer tomography datasets for deep learning analysis. Experimental and Therapeutic Medicine. (Computational Clinical Imaging Group)

14 CISS ▼

Catarina Costa (Cell Fitness lab), Severin Berger (Theoretical Neuroscience lab)

**Fundamentals of Medicine for Scientists**

Based on University of Algarve’s ground-breaking medical programme, which employs a problem-based learning approach, the “Fundamentals of Medicine Course” provides a selected group of CR scientists with a strong foundation on the principles of human physiology, pathology and medicine.

The course is part of a continuous endeavour of the Champalimaud Foundation to promote proximity between medical doctors and fundamental researchers as a means to facilitate synergistic interactions across fields.

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**PhD Defence ▼**

Pedro Rodrigues (Neuropsychiatry Unit). Knowledge versus experience - Exploring model-based and model-free reinforcement learning in obsessive-compulsive disorder

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**Events ▼**

Sep

BBIS ▼

Irene Miguel-Aliaga (Imperial College London). Sex, guts and babies: the plasticity of the adult intestine and its neurons

15 PhD Defence ▼

Pietro Vertechi (Systems Neuroscience lab). Latent variable decoding in biological and artificial agents: towards a unified approach

18 Fundamentals of Medicine Course ▼

Q&A Session

19 Soapbox Science Lisbon ▼

Adriana Sánchez-Danés (Cancer & Stem Cell Biology lab), Edite Figueiras (Vision to Action lab), Oihane Horno (Theoretical Neuroscience lab). A ciência é para ti.

21 CISS ▼

Pedro Rodrigues (Neuropsychiatry Unit). Knowledge versus experience - Exploring model-based and model-free reinforcement learning in obsessive-compulsive disorder

BBIS ▼

Isaac Chiu (Harvard Medical School). Neuro-immune interactions in pain and host defense

---

**Groneberg et al.**

Early-life social experience shapes social avoidance reactions in larval zebrafish. Current Biology. (Collective Behaviour and Vision to Action labs)
QuantOCancer Presents: Your Data, Your Story – Showcase and Share It Right!

QuantOCancer is an EU-funded project that aims to increase research capacity and network building within and beyond CR, provide training opportunities for researchers and support staff, engage a responsible research and innovation culture and develop institutional strategies towards an equitable working environment.

This new series was one of the initiatives the project organised in 2020.

22
New Seminar Series Takes Off: Your Data, Your Story – Showcase and Share It Right! ▼
The first session featured a talk by Paola Masuzzo (IGDORE). Open and Inclusive Science outside of the academic bubble

23
Video ✴
Markus Maeurer (Immunotherapy/Immunosurgery) prepared a video for the exhibit "Viral" at Lisbon’s Science Museum – Pavilhão do Conhecimento

24
Colloquium ▼
Catherine Dulac (Harvard University). Neurobiology of social behavior

25
Mondi et al. ♦

28
CISS ▼
Roksana Pirzgalska (Immunophysiology lab), Francisco Heras (Collective Behaviour lab)

30
Câmara Municipal de Lisboa – BIP/ZIP Programme ♦
Catarina Ramos and André Mendonça (CEO team) with TreeTree2. O LaMAA vai à Escola

05
BBIS ▼
Jonathan Kipnis (Washington University). Meningeal lymphatics and peripheral immunity in brain function and dysfunction

07
Botta et al. ♦
An amygdala circuit mediates experience-dependent momentary arrests during exploration. Cell. (Neurobiology of Action lab)

08
Colloquium ▼
Benjamin de Bivort (Harvard University). Functional and structural loci of individuality in the Drosophila olfactory circuit

Life @CCU ★
CCU-Wide Newsletter Launched

12
CISS ▼
Adriana Sánchez-Dáñes (Stem Cell & Cancer Biology lab), Ana Capacho (Radiopharmacology lab)

BBIS ▼
Brad Dickerson (University of North Carolina). An evolutionarily conserved hindwing circuit mediates Drosophila flight control
CONGENTalks

This seminar series features open monthly talks coordinated by CONGENTO – the Consortium for Genetically Tractable Organisms. CONGENTO is a Portuguese initiative that aims to establish an infrastructure for technological developments in Drosophila, zebrafish and mouse, and provide state-of-the-art services in all three organisms.

In this new seminar series, the CONGENTO working-groups address different topics by hosting external speakers, as well as showcasing innovative services provided by the infrastructure.

Rethinking the Link between Cannabinoids and Learning

Many people are only aware of the recreational aspect of cannabinoids. But in fact these molecules naturally exist in our brains where they participate in various processes, such as learning and memory. For instance, mice that naturally lack cannabinoid receptors in their brains exhibit overall reduced activity levels, as well as deficits in learning and memory.

In this study, the Neural Circuits & Behaviour lab investigated the mechanism by which cannabinoids exact their effect on learning in these mice. To their surprise, they found that the lack of cannabinoid signalling didn’t directly alter the mice’s learning ability. Instead, it has affected their behavioral state, making them overall less active, and therefore less able to learn.

Remarkably, when these animals were placed on a motorised treadmill while being trained on the same learning task, their performance was completely restored.

Cross section of a mouse brain shows a brain area called the cerebellum. The location of cannabinoid receptors in the cerebellum is revealed in red.
Albino Oliveira-Maia (Neuropsychiatry Unit) was awarded 1.5€ Million to continue his ground-breaking exploration of the communication between the digestive and nervous systems. He is the first practicing physician in Portugal to be recognised by this prestigious award. Oliveira-Maia and his team have recently identified a digestive-brain axis that controls food choice in mice (Fernandes et al.). In this new project, called CalorieRL, the team will be building on these findings to investigate food choice in humans. It is hoped that the project will shed some light on how and why we choose the foods that we eat, which may go some way in the ongoing battle against obesity.

O’Donnell (Yale University). Modulation of C. elegans behavior by gut microbes


Esteban Masferrer et al. Differential encoding of predator fear in the ventromedial hypothalamus and periaqueductal grey. The Journal of Neuroscience. (Neuroethology lab)

Maia et al. Employing flow cytometry to extracellular vesicles sample microvolume analysis and quality control. Frontiers in Cell and Developmental Biology. (Systems Oncology lab)

New Method Offers a More Efficient Way to Study What Extracellular Vesicles Can Tell Us about an Individual’s Health

Extracellular vesicles – tiny spheres secreted by cells – have attracted attention as a non-invasive source of clinical biomarkers in liquid biopsies. This, however, has proved to be a technically challenging operation. In this study, the Systems Oncology lab presents a new method that not only solves many outstanding obstacles, but also accelerates the analysis, and multiplies the number of different extracellular vesicles analytes that can be studied from a single collection of biofluid.
A Brief Look at Outreach

Just as scientific events bounced back after an adaptation period, so did educational and outreach events, which have found ways to cross into the virtual medium.

In parallel to the activities represented here, the CR community engaged in a series of COVID-19-related public engagement events listed in the timeline section of the report.

Volunteers

Colaborators

02 CISS ▼
Bruna Ferreira (Myeloma Lymphoma Research Group), Adrien Jouary (Vision to Action and Theoretical Neuroscience labs)

BBIS ▼
Yoav Livneh (Weizmann Institute of Science).
Cortical estimation of current and future bodily states

Begin Weekly Serological Screening for COVID-19 of CR members ✨
Brain cells switched off in the anterior cingulate cortex (green) prevent mice from learning flexibly.

Pinning Down How the Brain Predicts the Consequences of Choices

Learning to predict the outcomes of actions happens through two separate cognitive processes. Though distinct, it is frequently difficult to tell which scheme an individual is executing at any given instance. A study in mice by the Neurobiology of Action lab implements a novel experimental approach that untangles the two, and pins down how a specific brain structure represents the various features involved in the decision making process.

Henrique Veiga-Fernandes Receives 2020 Pfizer/SCML Award

Veiga-Fernandes was one of the winners of the “Fundamental Research Category”, following his ground-breaking work on the interaction between the immune and nervous systems. In particular, the award highlighted a recent discovery by Veiga-Fernandes and his team, which was published last year in the scientific journal Nature. In this study, the researchers focused on the relation between the immune system and a brain area that controls the body’s physiology across the day-night cycle, known as the “brain’s clock”.

Pfizer/SCML Award

University College London/Wellcome Trust: Strategic Support – Science application.

Zachary Mainen (Systems Neuroscience lab)

Colloquium

Michael Brecht (Bernstein Center for Computational Neuroscience Berlin).

Blood is thicker than water

Is the proteome of bronchoalveolar lavage extracellular vesicles a marker of advanced lung cancer? Cancers (Basel).

Carvalho et al.

High-Resolution 3D in vivo brain diffusion tensor imaging at ultrahigh fields: following maturation on juvenile and adult mice. Frontiers in Neuroscience.

Yon et al.

Your Data, Your Story – Showcase and Share It Right!

Bernd Pulverer (EMBO).

Transparent publishing and open science: How to share reproducible data.

BBIS ▼

Pierre Leopold (Centre de recherche de l’Institut Curie).

Adjusting organ size during Drosophila development: how and why?

CISS ▼

Cátia Almeida (Cancer Development & Innate Immune Evasion lab), Eric DeWitt (Computational Cognitive Decision Science Group)

Your Data, Your Story – Showcase and Share It Right!

Bernd Pulverer (EMBO).

Transparent publishing and open science: How to share reproducible data.

NovFunding

Henrique Veiga-Fernandes Receives 2020 Pfizer/SCML Award

Pfizer/SCML Award

University College London/Wellcome Trust: Strategic Support – Science application.

Zachary Mainen (Systems Neuroscience lab)

Colloquium

Michael Brecht (Bernstein Center for Computational Neuroscience Berlin).

Blood is thicker than water

Is the proteome of bronchoalveolar lavage extracellular vesicles a marker of advanced lung cancer? Cancers (Basel).

Carvalho et al.

High-Resolution 3D in vivo brain diffusion tensor imaging at ultrahigh fields: following maturation on juvenile and adult mice. Frontiers in Neuroscience.

Yon et al.

Your Data, Your Story – Showcase and Share It Right!

Bernd Pulverer (EMBO).

Transparent publishing and open science: How to share reproducible data.
**Postdoctoral Researcher Roksana Pirzgalska Receives an ECCO Scholarship.**

The scholarship will finance the research project "A neuroepithelial approach to inflammatory bowel disease" in which Pirzgalska will explore the intersection between the neuroepithelial and neuroimmune circuits in the intestine.

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**Webinar ▲**

Susana Lima (Neuroethology lab). "Porque o sexo é tão importante?" (Festival COGITO)

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**CISS ▼**

Joana Maia (Molecular & Experimental Pathology lab), Natalia Barrios (Behavioural Neuroscience lab).

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**BBIS ▼**


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**CONGENTalks ▼**

Vasco Barreto (CEDOC|NMS; CONGENTO; CRISPR@CEDOC; Affordable genome editing of conventional cell lines, iPSCs, and primary cells)

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**Launching the Science Collection ▲**

"Inside the Unknown"

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**Maia et al. ▲**

Transcriptome Reprogramming of CD11b+ Bone Marrow Cells by Pancreatic Cancer Extracellular Vesicles. Frontiers in Cell and Developmental Biology. (Systems Oncology lab)

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**Verde et al. ▲**

Diffusion tensor-based fiber tracking of the male urethral sphincter complex in patients undergoing radical prostatectomy: a feasibility study. Insights Imaging. (Computational Clinical Imaging Group)

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**Game Presentation ▲**

"Hexxed, a game to study human intelligence" (European Researcher’s Night)

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**Communicating Science with Animated Stories**

Aspiring to move beyond the "one-sentence" headline and get into the nitty gritty of the scientific process, CCU’s Communication, Outreach & Events Team has created an animated science collection called "Inside the Unknown".

The collection kicked off with a selection of four projects, presenting studies from the three departments of CR. Mirroring the scientific work within, this collection will continue to evolve and grow over time.
Gonzalo de Polavieja is Awarded “FindingPheno” Project Grant

This “Leadership in Enabling and Industrial Technologies” project is composed of an international team of seven research groups. The team expects to show how to improve the effectiveness of microbiome interventions in sustainable food production, and simultaneously, offer avenues for quick and easy application of this new approach to other relevant biotechnology-based industries.

LaMAA Goes Fully Virtual

"LaMAA – Metacognition Laboratory: Aprender a Aprender” Online Courses

This science-education project for high school students was born from the collaboration between CF, the TreeTree2 Association, and the Instituto Superior Técnico (IST), with a common motivation – to teach new areas of knowledge in an innovative and creative way.

As a consequence of the pandemic, the initial face-to-face sessions had to be adapted to an online format. After an intense period of preparation, a Neuroscience and a Machine Learning course were launched on IST’s MOOC (Massive Open Online Courses) platform. Since then, a staggering number of around 1000 users have already registered, mirroring the broad interest Portuguese students have in these topics.

“la Caixa” Foundation & Fundação para a Ciência e Tecnologia Grant

Mancoo et al. ♦
Understanding spiking networks through convex optimization. Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems 34. (Theoretical Neuroscience lab)

Berger & Machens ♦
Compact task representations as a normative model for higher-order brain activity. Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems 35. (Theoretical Neuroscience lab)

A Joint "la Caixa" Foundation and FCT Grant Awarded to the Immunophysiology Lab

This project is one of 25 biomedical research projects selected for the "la Caixa" Health Research 2020 Programme, which has a total fund of 18 M€. The selected project aims to understand the interactions of the neuroimmune system during infection in animal models, and to explore the molecular mechanisms of this communication, specifically in pulmonary circuits during respiratory infections.

"la Caixa" Foundation
Weekly COVID-19 Antigen Testing of CR Members Begins ✤

15–16 Portuguese Drosophila Meeting (DrosTuga) 2020 ▼
Organisers: Lara Carvalho (CEDOC), Catarina Brás Pereira (CR), Carla Lopes (i3S), Leonardo Guilgur (IGC)

Carsetti et al. ♦
Different innate and adaptive immune responses to SARS-CoV-2 infection of asymptomatic, mild, and severe cases. Frontiers in Immunology, (Immunotherapy/ImmunoSurgery lab)

Lanini et al. ♦
COVID-19 disease – Temporal analyses of complete blood count parameters over course of illness, and relationship to patient demographics and management outcomes in survivors and non-survivors: A longitudinal descriptive cohort study. PLOS One. (Immunotherapy/ImmunoSurgery lab)

Open Hearts Donation Campaign ★
To end the year on a positive note, the Communications Events & Outreach Team organised a solidarity campaign called “Open Hearts”. During the campaign, members of the entire CCU community contributed a great number of items, including food and clothes.

PhD Defence ▼

Colloquium ▼
Gyorgy Buzsaki (New York University, Langone Medical Center). Ways to think about the brain.

What are CR members looking forward to in the next annual retreat? (Illustrations based on community feedback for the 2020 CR Retreat Celebration).
Our Research Groups

Neuroscience

Cancer & Physiology

Experimental and Clinical Research

Neuroscience

Since 2007

13 groups
Megan Carey  
Neural Circuits & Behaviour

We combine quantitative behavioural analysis and neurophysiology with genetic tools to understand how cerebellar circuits enable complex, coordinated movement. The lab’s major achievements so far include establishing a quantitative framework to identify specific cerebellar contributions to mouse locomotor coordination (Machado, Darmohray et al., eLife 2015; Machado et al., eLife 2020); dissecting circuit mechanisms for modulation of cerebellar learning by behavioural state (Albergaria et al., Nature Neuroscience 2018; Albergaria et al., eLife 2020); and establishing a paradigm for locomotor learning in mice (Darmohray et al., Neuron 2019).

One of the research articles we published in 2020 is Albergaria et al., eLife 2020. Both humans and mice with altered cannabinoid signaling exhibit deficits in learning and memory. Many studies support the idea that cannabinoids mediate neural plasticity, or experience-dependent changes in the connections between neurons. It was previously thought that alterations in these forms of plasticity were responsible for the learning impairments. However, in 2020, Catarina Albergaria and colleagues from the lab showed that cannabinoids influenced cerebellar learning through indirect effects on behavioural state, and not through direct effects on neural plasticity. These results highlight behavioural state as a powerful independent means through which individual genes contribute to complex behaviours.

Postdoctoral Researchers
Dana Darmohray
Jorge Ramirez
Hugo Marques
Ana Sofia Machado
Catarina Albergaria

PhD Students
Merit Kruse
Jovin Jacobs
Diogo Duarte
Ana Gonçalves
Rita Félix (Co-Sup. M. Orger)
Tatiana Silva
Teresa Serradas Duarte
(Co-Sup. J. Paton)

MSc Students
Guilherme Pata
Pedro Castelhanito
Inês Ribeiro

Technicians
Marta Maciel
Ana Colaço

careylab.org

Eugenia Chiappe  
Sensorimotor Integration

Locomotion is fundamental for survival, and requires exquisite coordination of sensory and motor signals within brain and spinal cord circuits. Yet, how central nervous systems orchestrate sensory and internal signals for coordinated and goal-directed movement is poorly understood. We address this question by studying how vision controls walking in flies in different behavioural contexts. Using a combination of methods, we are examining how visuomotor circuits encode self-motion information, and how this information is used to steer the fly following her behavioural goals. Taking advantage of the genetic tools of the fly, and her compact nervous system, we take a wide-brain approach to map activity in different brain regions to different aspects of behaviour. Ultimately, we aspire to develop a mathematical explanation of activity dynamics and their effect on behaviour, and to construct agents that move like a fly.

In the past decade, the analysis of animal behaviour has become a common approach in basic neuroscience thanks to the application of machine learning and computer vision tools. More and more neuroscientists—including our team—are finding that important details of behaviour involve subtle repetitive actions that are recognised by our brains, but hard to quantify even under unsupervised strategies. This is because these subtle actions are embedded in a continuum of movement trajectories performed in a world full of uncertainties. This property makes the characterisation of actions a challenge as similar actions are rarely executed along identical trajectories. In a project posted on bioRxiv in 2020 (Bohnslav et al.), we leveraged supervised deep-learning models to identify subtle actions that are of interest and pre-determined by a researcher. Our method, DeepEthogram, works with raw video pixels and does not require pre-specification of body features, and therefore, it operates fast while maintaining high accuracy.

Postdoctoral Researchers
Claire Rusch
Paavo Huoviala
Terufumi Fujiwara

PhD Students
André Marques
Mert Erginkaya
Miguel Paço
Nuno Rito
Tomáš Cruz

Research Technicians
Margarida Brotas
Nélia Varela
Saliha Ece Sönmez
Sebastián Malagon
Wynne Stagnaro

chiappelab.org
We have been mostly interested in understanding the circuits and the mechanisms underlying the generation of self-paced actions, and the reinforcement and refinement of actions into complex action repertoires based on the consequences of their execution. Understanding this adaptive process – how actions are learned through trial and feedback – requires mechanistic insight into how actions are initiated, how they can be selected/re-initiated, and how feedback can refine their execution and organisation. Our lab has developed and leveraged genetic, electrophysiological, optical, and behavioural approaches to gain this mechanistic insight. We pioneered, for example, multi-site electrophysiology, fiber photometry, operant closed-loop brain-machine interfaces in rodents, inertial sensors for behavioural classification, to understand basal ganglia function in motor learning and control. The findings from our studies also have implications for movement disorders like Parkinson’s Disease, and psychiatric disorders like Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder.

In 2020, we published several research articles, among them is a mice study in the journal Cell (Botta et al.), where we discovered brain cells that identify familiar locations. In this study, we monitored the activity of cells in a brain region called the amygdala while mice were freely exploring their environment. As the mice became more familiar with their surroundings, we observed an experience-dependent increase of momentary arrests in certain locations. Interestingly, when mice stopped in these locations, certain cells would become active. Furthermore, when we artificially activated these cells, the animal would pause. And vice versa, when we deactivated these cells, the animal would never pause. These results uncovered an amygdala circuit that mediates momentary arrests in familiar places, a behaviour that is common to mice and humans alike.

Gonzalo de Polavieja

We are studying two problems: collective decisions and novel mathematical approaches to learning. For the study of collective decisions, we are developing new deep learning methods to extract trajectory data from our own experiments of collective behaviour in zebrafish, so we can obtain the relevant behavioural variables and to build models. Using symbolic regression, these models can be distilled into interpretable models that we can then compare with more hypothesis-driven models. With Michael Orger (CR), we are studying which neuronal circuits underlie these behaviours.

For the study of learning, we have created a metamathematical approach. It has two components: a formal language that expresses which requirements or assumptions we want to have in the learning system, and the model in which these requirements are valid. Out of the possible models, we prove that there is a particular one that has special properties for learning (for example, with enough data it is guaranteed to find a simple model if it exists). These models are obtained using algebraic approaches, and statistics is pushed to the very end to extract a generalising model from the algebraic models. The approach is very transparent mathematically (it allows deriving theorems more easily) and we are investigating hardware solutions to run it efficiently.

Rui Costa

Neurobiology of Action

We have been mostly interested in understanding the circuits and the mechanisms underlying the generation of self-paced actions, and the reinforcement and refinement of actions into complex action repertoires based on the consequences of their execution. Understanding this adaptive process – how actions are learned through trial and feedback – requires mechanistic insight into how actions are initiated, how they can be selected/re-initiated, and how feedback can refine their execution and organisation. Our lab has developed and leveraged genetic, electrophysiological, optical, and behavioural approaches to gain this mechanistic insight. We pioneered, for example, multi-site electrophysiology, fiber photometry, operant closed-loop brain-machine interfaces in rodents, inertial sensors for behavioural classification, to understand basal ganglia function in motor learning and control. The findings from our studies also have implications for movement disorders like Parkinson’s Disease, and psychiatric disorders like Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder.

In 2020, we published several research articles, among them is a mice study in the journal Cell (Botta et al.), where we discovered brain cells that identify familiar locations. In this study, we monitored the activity of cells in a brain region called the amygdala while mice were freely exploring their environment. As the mice became more familiar with their surroundings, we observed an experience-dependent increase of momentary arrests in certain locations. Interestingly, when mice stopped in these locations, certain cells would become active. Furthermore, when we artificially activated these cells, the animal would pause. And vice versa, when we deactivated these cells, the animal would never pause. These results uncovered an amygdala circuit that mediates momentary arrests in familiar places, a behaviour that is common to mice and humans alike.
Susana Lima

In our lab we use the house mouse as a model system to investigate different facets of sexual behaviour. In females, we are interested in understanding how sex hormones alter the functioning of hypothalamic circuits and ultimately behaviour, such as that females are only receptive to males when fertile. In males, we are trying to understand how ejaculation is achieved and how ejaculation triggers the refractory period.

In 2020, one of the research articles we published was on the topic of assortative mate choice (Moreira et al.). The choice of a partner that is similar to oneself in some trait, has been described in many different taxa and it is considered a fundamental reproductive barrier that maintains species intact.

But how does that happen? Does it work by telling you what is a correct partner or by preventing wrong choices? Sexual imprinting, which is the learning of sexually relevant cues from your family, is thought to be one of the main processes supporting assortative decisions. We studied this process by performing fostering experiments between two subspecies of mice.

Our results show that females tend to prefer males from the subspecies they first encounter, even if they are of a different subspecies. This suggests that one of the main roles of sexual imprinting is, rather than pointing animals into the right decisions, is to correct cognitive biases that occur during sampling and decision making.

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Christian Machens

Our lab develops models of information processing in the brain using mathematical analysis and numerical simulations. These tools allow us to formulate our ideas and intuitions in a precise manner and thereby put them to test using real data. Specifically, our team focuses on understanding how populations of neurons learn to represent information. We compare experimental data across different species and brain areas in order to find common principles of how information is being represented.

Our team also engages in the development of new methods to summarise the activity of neural populations in useful ways and to compare population activity across areas. We work in close collaboration with several experimental labs, both within and outside of the Champalimaud Centre for the Unknown.

In 2020, we published one of our key results, in which we show how networks of spiking neurons can self-organise in order to efficiently represent information (Brendel et al.). Several members of the lab also had the opportunity to present and publish their work at Neurips – the top conference in the machine learning field. Most of the year, the lab was in complete lockdown, and our ‘internal’ highlights were probably socially-distanced lab meetings in the Tapada das Necessidades or the Champalimaud amphitheater.
We are interested in understanding the principles underlying the complex adaptive behaviour of organisms. Starting with quantitative observations of animal behaviour, we aim to integrate quantitative cellular and systems level experimental analysis of underlying neural mechanisms with theoretical, ecological and evolutionary contexts.

Rats and mice provide flexible animal models that allow us to monitor and manipulate neural circuits using electrophysiological, optical and molecular techniques. We have made progress using highly-controlled studies of a simple learned odour-cued decision task and are extending our focus toward more complex behaviours. Projects in the lab are wide-ranging and continually evolving. Current topics include (i) the function of the serotonin system, (ii) sensory decision-making, (iii) the role of uncertainty in brain function and behaviour.

When faced with a threat, an animal must decide whether to freeze, reducing its chances of being noticed, or to flee to the safety of a refuge. Animals choose between these alternatives in a manner that largely depends on the context in which the threat occurs. Contextual cues include the social and spatial features of the environment, as well as the internal state of the animal. The mechanisms by which these cues are integrated to guide the animal's choice and how that choice is implemented, from neuronal activity to muscle contraction and visceral responses, is still far from understood. To address this question we use the fruit fly, a powerful model organism that allows a truly integrative approach, whereby we study from collective behaviour all the way to detailed mechanistic account of the changes taking place in the whole organism when facing a threat.

In 2020, we advanced in our understanding of individual defensive responses. In Ferreira et al., we demonstrated that flies use the movement of others as a social cue of safety. This finding represents an important advance in the field, as there is ample evidence of social buffering of fear in the wild and in the lab. However, until now, the cues mediating this phenomenon were unknown.

Another discovery addressed how the body's internal state adjusts to impending danger. In a preprint (Barrios et al.), we reported that when flies are faced with an inescapable threat, their choice of running versus freezing is accompanied by distinct cardiac activity profiles. Full analysis of our results contradicts two widespread views: that cardiac deceleration while freezing has first evolved in vertebrates, and that it is energy sparing. Our findings revealed that freezing is costly, yet accompanied by cardiac deceleration, and points to heart activity as a key modulator of defensive behaviours.
**Michael Orger**

**Vision to Action**

Our lab uses a combination of advanced optical, genetic and behavioural methods in zebrafish. Zebrafish are an attractive model system, as they exhibit a robust set of instinctive visually guided behaviours, while their brain, which follows a typical vertebrate pattern, is sufficiently small and transparent so that the activity of each of its neurons can be recorded non-invasively. We image neural activity, while performing high-speed behavioural tracking to make a detailed, quantitative analysis of visually-evoked swimming and eye movements. In addition, we develop genetic tools in order to probe and manipulate defined circuit elements with high specificity.

Recently, our team has developed a high-speed, real-time tracking system that has allowed us to systematically characterise the swimming behaviour of zebrafish larvae in response to a variety of different stimuli. Using a computational approach to behaviour classification, called unsupervised machine learning, we have identified a core set of swimming movements and demonstrated how they are used flexibly across different behaviours.

Social experience during early development can have strong effects on subsequent behaviour. In 2020, we published a research article demonstrating that the effects of social isolation can be observed even in larval zebrafish (Groneberg et al.). We found that week-old fish avoid each other at larger distances due to a change in their response to mechanosensory stimuli. At this stage they are still small enough to allow functional imaging of the whole brain at single cell resolution, opening up new possibilities to study these complex social phenomena in a vertebrate model.

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Senior Technicians
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Alexandre Laborde
Bernardo Esteves
Pedro Tomás Silva
Lucas Soares

Intern
Inês Fernandes

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**Joe Paton**

**Learning**

Adaptive behaviour requires learning about the structure of the environment and combining it with past experience to guide decisions. The basal ganglia are a collection of brain areas that are thought to be critical for these processes and their dysfunction is associated with neurological and neuropsychiatric disorders. We apply a range of approaches in rodents to determine the computations involved in behaviour and how they are embedded in neural circuitry involving the basal ganglia.

In 2020, the lab posted three preprints, currently in various stages of revision for publication. One of these (Cruz et al.) focuses on the functional roles of the two main projection cell types in the striatum in action production and suppression. The conclusions of this study have important implications for understanding the role of distict basal ganglia circuits in behavioural control, and the deficits associated with diseases of the basal ganglia such as Huntington’s or Parkinson’s Disease. In the process of revision of this work, we performed a series of neuronal recordings during which cell identity information was gathered with optogenetic “tagging”. These experiments revealed that the patterns of activity previously observed using population imaging techniques actually arose from the summation of several distinct activity patterns.

Another interesting project developed during 2020, is a joint study with the Theoretical Neuroscience lab, where we constructed an anatomically informed computational model that can be trained to perform the learning task employed in our experiments. This model has revealed a potential mechanism by which parallel processes might interact to produce accurate performance of the task and has reflected the power of collaboration between theorists and experimentalists to address deep questions regarding the neural basis of behaviour.

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Technicians
Ben Zanov
Daniela Domingues
Francisco Azevedo
Margarida Duarte
Margarida Pexirra

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fchampalimaud.org/researchfc/groups/grupo-vision-to-action

patonlab.org
## Cortical Circuits

Our brain is constantly interpreting the environment around us to plan and guide our actions. This requires combining often noisy and contradictory sensory inputs with internal models of the world. We study how this process emerges from networks of neurons in the mouse brain, with a focus on the neocortex. Despite its uniform appearance, the neocortex is a complex network of specialised areas. We dissect how these areas interact to combine sensory stimuli and internal factors to give rise to perception.

We study the cortical areas that are required for visual perception. Using advanced optical methods, we study axons linking distant areas of the neocortex. We map their connectivity, record the signals they relay and manipulate their activity in animals performing visual tasks in order to understand the logic of inter-areal interactions.

In 2020, Flora Vasile joined the lab after completing her PhD in Paris. She will be working on the role of looped cortico-cortical interactions in sensory processing and learning in mice doing a visual navigation task.

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## Circuit Dynamics & Computation

We study simple auditory decisions where both stimuli and behaviour can be measured quantitatively. Our approaches include psychophysical tasks in rodents and humans, theoretical analysis, and manipulation and recording of neural activity in rodents. We currently focus on three problems.

We are interested in the neural basis of psychophysical laws, which describe mathematical regularities in perceptual decision-making. These regularities provide strong constraints for the identification of the relevant computations and their neural implementation. We also have been exploring how changes in the pattern of spontaneous brain activity affect both neural representations and the accuracy of perceptual decisions. Finally, we study decision making from a normative perspective, exploring how decision makers should behave in order to attain their goals in the light of various structural and physiological constraints.

In 2020, we made progress towards understanding how ongoing spontaneous activity in the cortex affects an individual’s ability to make fine perceptual judgements. In our experiments, we repeatedly present sounds to mice, and they tell us whether each sound has a high or low pitch. Surprisingly, we find that spontaneous cortical activity before the sound is presented affects how accurately the animals discriminate the sounds, but only if the previous discrimination was incorrect. We hypothesise that when we learn that we just made a wrong decision, our brain approaches the next decision in a different manner.
The food we eat affects all aspects of our lives, including aging, ability to reproduce, lifespan, mental state and mood. For better or worse, we are what we eat. Yet, how the brain controls food choice is still a mystery. To tap into this problem we work on tackling questions such as “how does the brain know which nutrients the body needs?” and “how is this information translated into decisions?”

We address these questions using the fruit fly Drosophila melanogaster, one of the most powerful and versatile genetic animal models currently available. The fly allows us to combine a wide array of tools and approaches to implement an integrative neuroscience approach, necessary to solve this whole-organism problem.

In 2020, despite the difficult year, we are very proud to have published two major papers in which we identify novel mechanisms by which both the microbiome and metabolic programmes in organs shape nutrient decisions. In the first study (Henriques et al.) we use a cutting edge metabolomics approach to study how gut bacteria exchange substances (metabolites) allowing them to cope with nutritionally imbalanced host diets and alter food choice behaviour. In the second study (Carvalho-Santos et al.) we identify how an organ (the female germline) changes how it uses nutrients and how this change forces the brain to choose to eat more sugar. This is a novel mechanism by which organs can dictate to the brain what the animal should eat.

Also, I was honored to be elected Secretary-General of FENS for the mandate of 2022-2024, allowing me to serve the wide European neuroscience community.
Bruno Costa-Silva

Systems Oncology

Our group focuses on the identification of new biomarkers, measurable in blood tests, that enable early detection, characterisation and follow-up of cancer in clinical settings. We also study the potential roles of extracellular vesicles (EVs - structures produced by all cells that mediate cell-cell communication) as cancer biomarkers and mediators of cancer metastasis.

As part of our work, we recently published a paper on a new vesicles flow cytometry method we developed. This new tool, which analyses nanosized particles, enables expedited study of EVs populations in biofluids in a fraction of the volume and time required by conventional methods, multiplying by hundreds the number of tests in a single sample collection. We are applying this method for EVs-based liquid biopsies of tumour and tumour associated cells. Specifically, in collaboration with CCC’s Digestive unit and Vall d’Hebron Institute of Oncology (Barcelona), we are currently applying this strategy to test whether we can predict and early detect response to therapy in pancreatic cancer patients with localised and metastatic disease. For that, we are analysing longitudinally collected patient plasma EVs populations carrying specific proteins identified by our group linked with presence of tumour or tumour-associated cells.

In 2020, we also discovered that pancreatic cancer EVs act on bone marrow immune cells, regulating the expression of tens of genes potentially linked with tumour immunity. We are currently interested in studying if these cells are present in the blood of pancreatic cancer patients and whether they contribute to the malignancy of this tumour.

costasilvalab.org

Eduardo Moreno

Cell Fitness

Our group studies the mechanisms of cell competition in processes such as ageing, development, tissue regeneration and cancer. Through the years, we’ve gained great insight into these mechanisms, including the identification of “fitness fingerprints”, a molecular code by which neighbouring cells recognise and eliminate less-fit cells. We showed that this process happens during ageing, regeneration and cancer. We also discovered a new type of competition named "mechanical competition" in which high density of cells leads to compression of tissue and thereby to cell elimination.

In 2020, we published a study on Cell Fitness and Alzheimer’s Disease in the journal iScience (Coelho and Moreno). During adult life, damaged but viable neurons can accumulate in the organism, creating increasingly heterogeneous and dysfunctional neural circuits. An intriguing example of this phenomenon is the aberrant increased activity of cerebral networks detected in vulnerable brain regions during preclinical stages of Alzheimer’s Disease. We found that a unique cell selection mechanism is able to target and remove aberrantly active neurons generated by heterologous human amyloid-β in Drosophila (amyloid-β is the main component of the plaques found in the brains of patients suffering from Alzheimer’s Disease). Specifically, our results demonstrate that sustained neuronal activity is sufficient to compromise neuronal fitness and upregulate the expression of the low fitness indicators in the fly. Conversely, forced silencing of neurons restores brain fitness and reduces amyloid-β-induced cell death. The manipulation of this cell selection process, which was already proved to be conserved in humans, might be a promising new avenue to treat Alzheimer’s Disease.

moreno-lab.org
### Christa Rhiner

**Stem Cells & Regeneration**

Brain injuries are a leading cause of disability worldwide and are associated with a high socio-economic burden as treatments to help brain restorative processes are largely inexistent. The mammalian brain contains adult neural stem cells, which are a source of new neurons, but the majority are kept in a state of reversible cell cycle arrest, also called quiescence. Most quiescent neural stem cells (qNSCs) fail to activate upon injury and drive an effective repair response.

We use fruit flies to analyse reciprocal interactions between stem cells and their surroundings (neurons, glia, immune cells, airways) to extract essential stem cell enabling signals. In parallel, we dissect injury-induced programmes within qNSCs that show robust division following injury as is the case in flies. We use principles from neuroscience, stem cell biology, transcriptomics, genetics and physiology to unravel brain plasticity. We also strive to translate learnt principles into mouse models to establish conserved stem cell enabling mechanisms (StEMs) and develop strategies to increase limited regeneration in the mammalian brain.

In the past year, we demonstrated that mechanical brain lesions in the fly recapitulate numerous hallmarks of brain injury in patients such as activation of stress signaling, neuronal calcium influx, burst in extracellular reactive oxygen species, pentose phosphate pathway upregulation, local hypoxia and metabolic changes in glia. Using an in vivo oxygen sensor protein, we could visualise transient hypoxia in the lesioned brain area and show that hypoxia-dependent transcription factors control the production of an important stem cell enabling cue in the adult fly brain, a mechanism that seems to be conserved in mammals.

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### Adriana Sánchez-Danés

**Cancer & Stem Cell Biology**

In the lab we combine in vivo and in vitro approaches in order to uncover the mechanisms leading to tumour initiation and resistance to therapy in two of the most common cancers in humans. The Basal Cell Carcinoma, a skin cancer and the most common cancer in humans, and Medulloblastoma, one of the most frequent pediatric brain tumours.

In 2020, we were very happy to win the Maratona da Saúde Award. The financial support that we received from this non-profit organisation was essential to start a new project aimed at identifying the mechanisms that lead to treatment resistance in patients suffering from Medulloblastoma.

To successfully accomplish this project, we are really lucky to count with the collaboration of a well-known neurologist, Dr. José Maria Bravo Marques, working at the CCC.

We also want to highlight that we are really excited to collaborate with the group of Dra. Cristina João in a project aimed at establishing organoids to model Multiple Myeloma in vitro.

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**Postdoctoral Researcher**

Marta Neto

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Mariana Santos

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**Technician**

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**rhinerlab.org**
We explore the role of cross-talk between neurons and the immune system in the prevention and resolution of disease. To that end, we focus on organs that have a complex and dense network of neuronal and immune cells, including the intestine, lung and pancreas. This combination of features makes these organs an optimal site to reveal how the neural and immune systems work together to preserve health. Using this approach, we have been exploring the surprising role of the neural network that surrounds these organs: immune regulation. We discovered that while the immune system is the one that actively fights infection and cancer, the neurons are the ones that are in charge of detecting the invasion of tumour cells, setting the immune response in motion. These findings may have tremendous potential in the design of novel therapeutic approaches to disease as they pinpoint new selective targets that can be harnessed in infection, metabolic disorders and cancer.

In 2020, we were one of the winners of the “Fundamental Research Category”, following our groundbreaking work on the interaction between the immune and nervous systems. The award highlighted a discovery which was published in the scientific journal Nature in 2019 (Godinho-Silva et al.). In this study, we focused on the relation between the immune system and a brain area that controls the body's physiology across the day-night cycle, known as the “brain's clock”. This work revealed how the activity of a type of immune cells called ILC3 depends on an individual’s biological rhythm, and how the disruption of this rhythm might lead to conditions as diverse as cancer, obesity and chronic inflammatory diseases. This realisation may be useful for developing new therapeutic approaches. You can read more about this work in a review we published last year (Huh & Veiga Fernandes).
Our lab has the main objective of studying tissue samples using cutting-edge technologies, with the purpose of pursuing different scientific hypotheses. The goal of our research is the characterisation of specific molecular signatures in samples of human neoplastic tissues, combining genomic and phenotypic information, the latter obtained through multispectral immunofluorescence.

We focus on studying the different cells in the tumour microenvironment (immune cells, such as T cells, NK cells and macrophages as well as fibroblasts), to understand the mechanisms of immune escape and to develop new therapeutic approaches to overcome it.

2020 has been the year of the COVID-19 pandemic with all its nuances, but we have been quite lucky: Andreia Maia, MSc was awarded a PhD grant from the FCT to develop her project on NK cells as instruments for cancer treatment, and we have welcomed two new MSc Students, Ana Borralho and Sara Cascais, who have integrated very well in the team. The group has been working hard and we expect to get some of our results published during 2021. Furthermore, this year we have strengthened our collaboration with the CCC’s Digestive Unit, the Immunotherapy / ImmunoSurgery lab and the Systems Oncology lab at the CCU, as well as with other international research laboratories (Spain, France).

Nuclear Medicine uses radiopharmaceuticals – molecules labeled with radionuclides in the diagnosis and/or treatment of diseases. Radiopharmaceuticals help, in vivo and non-invasively, to depict specific cellular functions and their abnormalities that are characteristic of the disease processes. A good diagnosis and prognosis may be achieved with just visual assessment and standard quantification of the radiopharmaceutical distribution in the organs/tissues of interest. However, current methods are sometimes insufficient. For that reason, we are working hard on the development of new quantitative approaches following improved image processing analysis.

We regard ourselves as a translational research group, focused on patient needs and on direct and immediate application of our research methods and results. Ultimately, we want to promote better diagnoses, improve prognostic biomarkers and develop new treatments with better outcomes for patients. For instance, one line of work in our lab aims to improve the accuracy of the amount of radiation to be administered to the tumour/patient so that unwanted and deleterious secondary effects are minimised, while the destruction of the tumour is maximised. The synthesis in-house of radiopharmaceuticals that are not commercially available or too expensive to buy, as well as the development of new ones, is another important goal of our team. This may allow better diagnosis and treatment using state-of-the-art biological targets defined radiopharmaceuticals with added benefit to patients.

For 2020, we would like to highlight the beginning of the construction of our new radio-pharmacy. When finished and totally equipped, we will be able to produce/synthesise new radiopharmaceuticals under GMP quality and certification. We believe this will have a significant impact in clinical service and research endeavours.
Rita Fior

Our lab has two main research goals:

The first is to develop tools for personalised medicine. Despite advances in targeted cancer treatments, we still lack methods to predict how a specific cancer in a specific patient will respond to a given therapy. Consequently, patients go through rounds of trial-and-error to find the best treatment, often subjected to unnecessary toxicity. Our lab is developing a system where patient derived tumour-samples are implanted into zebrafish larvae. These "Avatars" are used as sensors for cancer behaviour and personalised therapy screening. We have developed protocols to screen not only chemotherapy and radiotherapy but also a number of targeted biological therapies. To make this project a reality, we gathered a multidisciplinary team, working in close proximity with multiple units within the CCC, the CF Biobank and the Hospital Amadora Sintra.

The second goal of the lab is to study how tumours evade the immune system. Our team is studying the process of innate immune evasion and intra-tumoural clonal interactions using the zebrafish larvae xenograft model. We believe that understanding these processes may lead to new anti-cancer therapies to be combined with immune-checkpoint blockers, increasing efficacy rates and bringing immunotherapy to more patients.

2020 has been a very difficult year, marked by the loss of my mentor and friend Prof. Maria de Sousa to COVID-19, who was always supportive and enthusiastic of our work. But at the same time, 2020 was a very productive and important year, as we published many of the projects that we have been developing in the last few years (something that Prof. de Sousa would have very much approved of) and we also had 2 "Lab Babies"!

Cristina João

The group studies Multiple Myeloma (MM), the second most prevalent blood cancer where clonal plasma cells proliferate in the bone marrow (BM) and produce monoclonal immunoglobulin.

Currently, we are aiming at finding novel biomarkers for MM in liquid biopsies. During 2020, we completed the accrual of patients for a translational study aiming to use extracellular vesicles (EVs) isolated from peripheral blood as potential prognostic biomarkers. In this study, we analysed EVs from a cohort of patients followed for more than two years. We found, for the first time, the association between EVs’ protein cargo and prognosis. Further, we unraveled EVs as a new source of biomarkers for intercepting systemic cellular communications, such as disease-related immune dysfunction. This work is to be published in 2021 in two manuscripts currently under preparation.

The second axis of our work aims to understand the mechanisms involved in MM progression and resistance to treatment. For that, we used an MM mouse model that faithfully recapitulates the major characteristics found in human patients to study the BM immune microenvironment through different techniques, namely flow cytometry and quantitative reverse transcription PCR. In parallel, we continue to collaborate with Fior’s group, exploring a zebrafish patient-derived xenografts model to determine in vivo differential sensitivity of patient-derived tumour cells to novel drugs available. The comparison of patient response to treatment to their matching xenografts was used to test the predictability of the model.

In 2020, we presented our work in several meetings. We also established further collaborations both within CR (Cancer & Stem Cell Biology lab) and other research institutions (DNA Breaks at CEDOC and the Technology and Innovation Unit at INSA).
Our lab uses: i) live ex vivo imaging to study the interaction between immune and cancer cells; and ii) deep T-cell receptor sequencing (molecular fingerprint) to examine the diversity of T-cell responses directed against cancer. These platforms enable the objective description of the immunological landscapes, as well as linking immune signatures with clinically relevant endpoints, i.e., increased patient survival.

More robust molecular and functional gauging of anti-cancer directed immune responses aids not only to better understand ‘successful’ immune responses, it also allows for the rational design of more ‘personalised’ cellular immunotherapeutic approaches in precision medicine. This research pipeline feeds into the development of clinical applications in anti-cancer directed cell therapies.

In 2020, we would like to highlight the establishment of the Global Cancer and Infectious Diseases Consortium for Host-Directed Therapies. In this consortium, internationally recognised cancer centres and centres for infectious diseases, including CF, work together to change the course of COVID-19 and to explore cross-fertilising knowledge in cancer and infectious diseases using similar molecular and functional analyses.

We contributed to a phase I and phase II study using mesenchymal stromal cells to curb non-productive immune responses and to increase tissue reconstruction in patients with infections. Single cell sequencing revealed how a successful cellular immune response looks like in individuals with COVID-19. Similar methods are used to gauge anti-cancer directed T-cell responses and aid to design more personalised treatment options in host directed therapies for patients with cancer.
Nickolas Papanikolaou

**Computational Clinical Imaging**

The main objective of our team is to translate available methods and machine learning algorithms into clinical practice. To achieve the later, a considerable amount of research effort is required to fine tune generic approaches of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML) in the field of medical imaging. In addition, the team is focusing on developing software tools and platforms to deploy and make available AI models to the clinics.

The main highlight of 2020 was the successful application for EU funding of the group concerning the Pro-Cancer-i project. The project is targeting the development of a centralised repository with more than 17000 multi-parametric exams of patients with prostate cancer and 8 clinical use cases will be explored by developing AI models to address the most important clinical problems in the prostate cancer disease continuum.

The COVID-19 situation did not harm our productivity, which was intensified (ten new papers were published in 2020). New methods related to explainable AI have also been implemented within the CCIG to increase trustworthiness of the developed models. Other highlights include my nomination as the Scientific Coordinator of the consortium coordinating AI activities across 20 clinical and technical partners both in Europe and US. I was also invited to organise Radiomics e-learning activities for the International Cancer Imaging Society and the European School of Radiology.

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Miguel Chambel
Ana Sofia Castro Verde

Noam Shemesh

**Preclinical MRI**

Modulations in neural circuit dynamics and microstructures can translate to functional enhancements, or conversely, to severe functional deficits. We are interested in identifying and investigating the links between such functional modulations, their underlying micro-architectural modifications, and the ensuing behavioural responses in vivo. To this end, we harness ultrahigh field Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) coupled to specificity-endowing tools such as optogenetics and optical microscopy. These offer the opportunity of eliciting activity in circuits of interest, and concomitantly monitoring the ensuing activity in 3D. We further develop and apply novel methodologies based on nonBOLD mechanisms, which can potentially provide much insight into the nature of the activity, as well as probe rather fast dynamics. Microstructures are unraveled via MR methodologies tailored to probe cellular-scale size distributions (in white matter) as well as highly heterogeneous morphologies (in gray matter).

During 2020, the lab managed to overcome the pandemia limitations that had initially dimmed our motivation, and continued producing state-of-the-art methodologies: correlation tensor imaging and SANDI, which provide rich information on the microstructural changes in the brain (e.g. on stroke, on gliomas, Alzheimer’s Disease and Parkinson’s Disease mouse models. It’s also worth to remark Andrada Ianus’ tenacity on securing two highly competitive individual fellowships: MSCA European contract and laCaixa Junior Leader “Incoming”.

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CR’s Research Associates are senior investigators who manage independent projects in association with particular labs at CR.

**Ruth Diez del Corral**
**Development of Neural Circuits**
Associated with the Collective Behaviour and the Vision to Action labs

How does our brain use information to select appropriate behaviours? We address this question by looking at zebrafish, small fish which at the larval stage is small and transparent, making it easy for us to peek into their brains noninvasively. Using state-of-the-art microscopes, we can then image the activity of the whole brain, while tracking behaviour using high-speed cameras. We can then ask: how can the larva’s behaviour, or its sensory environment, explain the neuronal activity that we measure?

To understand how neurons organise behaviour, we focus on reproductive behaviours. Not only are reproductive behaviours central to the survival of the species but they are also quite complex, allowing insight into different levels of organisation. We use a combination of genetic manipulation, behaviour assays and calcium imaging in the fruit fly to address our questions.

**Eric DeWitt**
**Computational Cognitive Decision Science**
Associated with the Systems Neuroscience lab

We use computational models to describe learning and decision making behaviour in humans and animals, and then look for the neural activity that reflects the computations predicted by those models. Using this approach, we aim to understand the brain areas that help us make decisions and learn about our world. Our specific focus is on the role of neuromodulators, known to play key roles in learning and decision making, to understand how their activity informs and changes computations in downstream brain areas. We hope that a better understanding of these brain systems, and their role in decision making, will eventually inform models of human economic and political behaviour and help our understanding of psychiatric disorders related to the neuromodulatory systems.

The nervous system is composed of an enormous variety of neurons. Each type of neuron contains a complex molecular machinery and connects to other neuronal types in a very precise manner to perform its functions within the circuits where it participates. We are interested in the spatial arrangement of neuronal subpopulations, how this relates to the morphological and anatomical features of the brain and how it is achieved during embryonic development. We consider that anatomical and developmental approaches to study the brain will contribute and facilitate the understanding of the brain functions. In collaboration with the Orger lab, we are currently focusing on neurons involved in visual processing circuits in zebrafish.

**Maria Luisa Vasconcelos**
**Innate Behaviour**
Postdoctoral Researcher: Cecilia Mezzera
PhD Students: Cristina Ferreira, Eliane Arez, Miguel Gaspar
Technician: Sophie Dias

The systems neuroscience lab is focused on the role of neuromodulators, known to play key roles in learning and decision making, to understand how their activity informs and changes computations in downstream brain areas. We hope that a better understanding of these brain systems, and their role in decision making, will eventually inform models of human economic and political behaviour and help our understanding of psychiatric disorders related to the neuromodulatory systems.

**Claudia Feierstein**
**Neural Circuits for Visuomotor Behaviour**
Associated with the Vision to Action lab

How does our brain use information to select appropriate behaviours? We address this question by looking at zebrafish, small fish which at the larval stage is small and transparent, making it easy for us to peek into their brains noninvasively. Using state-of-the-art microscopes, we can then image the activity of the whole brain, while tracking behaviour using high-speed cameras. We can then ask: how can the larva’s behaviour, or its sensory environment, explain the neuronal activity that we measure?
Adjunct & Visiting Scientists

In addition to research labs located at the Champalimaud Centre for the Unknown, the CR also counts with adjunct and visiting scientists, who work in complementary scientific areas.

Rui Oliveira  
Social NeuroEndocrinology  
Affiliation: Instituto Superior de Psicologia Aplicada & Instituto Gulbenkian de Ciência

The main research interest of the Social NeuroEndocrinology lab is the integrative study of social behaviour that combines the study of proximate causes (gene modules, hormones, neural circuits, cognitive processes) and ultimate effects (evolutionary consequences). In particular, the team is interested in understanding how brain and behaviour can be shaped by the social environment, and how the cognitive, neural and genetic mechanisms underlying plasticity in the expression of social behaviour have evolved.

Adam Kampff  
Intelligent Systems  
Affiliation: The Sainsbury Wellcome Centre, University College London

The goal of the Intelligent Systems lab is to identify the general principles of brain function that support intelligent behaviour and to implement them in machines. Specifically, our team focuses on how the brain constructs a representation of the environment: How is this representation learned? How is it encoded in the activity of neural networks? How is it used to control adaptive behaviour?

John Krakauer  
Cognitive-Motor Interface  
Affiliation: Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine

The group’s main areas of investigation are:
1. Experimental and computational studies of motor control and motor learning in humans;  
2. Tracking long-term motor skill learning and its relation to higher cognitive processes such as decision-making;  
3. Prediction of motor recovery after stroke;  
4. Mechanisms of spontaneous motor recovery after stroke in humans and in mouse models;  
5. New neuro-rehabilitation approaches for patients in the first 3 months after stroke.

Dr. Krakauer has been a visiting scientist at the CCU since 2014. He has taught in several summer schools and collaborated with various scientists over this time period, including Rui Costa and Noam Shemesh. He is currently involved in an ongoing project with Joe Paton, Megan Carey and Daniel Nunes investigating the interaction between the motor cortex, basal ganglia and the cerebellum during rodent prehension. Dr. Krakauer is also working with CCU administration and clinicians to enhance the patient experience through the imaginative use of technology.
Research Support

The work of CR investigators is facilitated by two structures: the Scientific and Technological Platforms – which support technical research aspects, and the CR Support Units – which provide administrative support.

The Scientific and Technological Platforms count ten individual units that support the work of researchers and clinicians at the CCU. The Platforms operate in a wide range of areas, including the development of sophisticated technologies in animal models; fabrication of hardware, software and imaging tools; and the management of resources and research infrastructures. The CR Support Units (CRSU) provide all administrative, financial and operational assistance to the CR community. Accompanying the evolution and growth of CR, the support provided to CR’s scientists also continuously grows in organisation and capacities. The CRSU team aims to provide all science administration, management and communication support to boost the work of scientists, maximising the focus on research.
Many people regard 2020 as a “lost year” where life was put on hold until the long-awaited “return to normality”. But that was not the case for CF’s Scientific and Technological Platforms. Not only did the Platforms continue supporting research work and ensuring the welfare of all research animals, they also collaborated with the CCC to create the CCU COVID-19 Test Lab. The testing included serological, antigen and PCR analysis for all CCU staff and other external institutions.

In the early beginnings of the pandemic, in March 2020, it was clear that our platform could play a crucial role in the epidemiological management control of both the Champalimaud Clinical Centre and CR.

The MTTP – in collaboration with the Champalimaud Clinical Centre – has set up and got accreditation for the CCU COVID Test Lab which provides molecular diagnosis for SARS-CoV-2 by RT-PCR as well as serological and antigen tests.

Due to the expertise, equipment and infrastructure already used for research services it was quite natural to adapt it to the clinical needs and set up what is now the CF COVID Test lab, part of the national COVID Diagnostic Laboratory Network. This has enabled the CCC to continue treating patients safely and ensure the well-being of all CCU employees.

The COVID Test Lab has also collaborated in the first serological studies made in Portugal, having also taken part of the national effort to test nursing homes. By the end of 2020, between the Champalimaud Foundation’s established internal testing protocols and the external joint initiatives, the platform had performed more than 18400 diagnostic RT-PCR tests, more than 4300 antigen tests and more than 5600 serological tests.

The MTTP performs complex cloning, gene editing and viral production projects. It assists users during all project stages including conceptual design. The platform acts as a hub of shared resources and expertise not only for the CR, but also for the national and international research communities, academic and industry, by providing services through CONGENTO.

Coordinator (Group Head): Ana Catarina Certal
Senior Research Technician: Ana Cunha
Molecular Tools Manager and COVID Lab Manager: Ana Raquel Tomás
Research Technicians: Daniela Freire, Mariana Velez
Laboratory Technicians: Alexandra Teixeira, Joana Gomes, Kateryna Kholod, Sara M. Ferreira
Animal Models Platforms

The CF Animal Platform Contingency Plan, prepared in March 2020, proved highly successful for disease prevention and spread, as no infectious chains occurred amongst animal staff members. Still, staff absences due to sick leaves, quarantine measures, family assistance leaves and others, have taken a great toll on the staff. Importantly, essential and core animal services were never at risk and in some cases, total animal occupancy increased to match the researchers’ experimental needs.”

Isabel Campos

During 2020, despite lockdowns and curfews, all animals at the CCU continued receiving dedicated care and attention. This continued commitment by the Animal Models Platforms staff, who assumed personal risk to maintain essential tasks on-site, enabled researchers to carry-on critical experiments and studies during the confinement period. It also proved crucial for restarting a normal experiment schedule in a quick and smooth manner, once confinement measures were lifted.

Fly Platform

The Fly Platform provides state-of-the-art conditions for breeding, maintenance and manipulation of Drosophila to all CR researchers. Apart from the management and maintenance of all shared equipment and spaces, the platform provides technical services ranging from core activities to higher technically demanding procedures. Importantly, by working closely with other CR Platforms, the Fly Platform is in a position to offer full turnkey projects to its users. Such examples include transgenic and mutant stock generation done in close collaboration with the MTT Platform, and the registry of brain confocal imaging, which is done in close collaboration with the ABBE and Software Platforms.

The Fly Platform is part of the trans institutional infrastructure CONGENTO through which it offers services to external users. External users service demand is predominantly for Drosophila medium production and Fly transgenic production.

Coordinator: Isabel Campos
Veterinary: Dolores Bonaparte
Manager: Rita Torre
Assisted Reproduction Technicians: Catarina Craveiro, Ana Pereira
Other Technicians: Cláudio Macedo, Rodrigo Santos, Wilma Sobral, Wíclayá Pontes, Rita Gonçalves
Colony Managers: Ana Vaz (Service Coordinator), Bruno Novais, Carlos Silva, Joshaba Abreu, João Pereira, Leonor Gomes, Erineo Silva

Rodent Platform

The Rodent Platform is primarily responsible for the maintenance and veterinary assistance of all CR rodent animal models. All activities strictly follow European Guidelines, National Laws and Federation of European Laboratory Animal Science Associations guidelines and recommendations concerning laboratory animal welfare, scientific use and proper education/training of all personnel performing animal work.

Apart from managing and maintaining all shared equipment and spaces in the 3700m2 facility, Rodent Platform staff members are also providing daily care and monitoring of animals during housing and experiments. The Rodent Platform also runs a set of highly specialised and technically demanding services, which are done independently as well as in close collaboration with the MTT Platform.

Coordinator: Isabel Campos
Veterinary: Dolores Bonaparte
Manager: Rita Torre
Assisted Reproduction Technicians: Catarina Craveiro, Ana Pereira
Other Technicians: Cláudio Macedo, Rodrigo Santos, Wilma Sobral, Wíclayá Pontes, Rita Gonçalves
Colony Managers: Ana Vaz (Service Coordinator), Bruno Novais, Carlos Silva, Joshaba Abreu, João Pereira, Leonor Gomes, Erineo Silva

Fish Platform

The Fish Platform is responsible for state-of-the-art housing and husbandry of CR fish models under high health and welfare standards. In addition, the platform provides an ambitious set of supporting research services, such as generation of transgenic and gene-edited fish among others, and in a close and constant collaboration with the researchers, it facilitates service adaptation to best meet the community needs.

Its commitment to scientific and technological development in the fields of fish husbandry, welfare and applied technologies, has been translated into its own and collaborative projects with national and international institutions, and ultimately in several peer-reviewed publications and presentations at international meetings which has granted the platform important international recognition.

The Fish Platform is also part of CONGENTO, through which it offers fish services, training and consulting to the national and international community.

Coordinator (Head): Ana Catarina Certal
Platform Manager: Joana Monteiro
Animal Technician: Seidy Semedo
Aquaculture Technicians: Carolina Cabrera, Maria João Pereira
Research Technicians: Inês Oliveira, Mariana Sampaio, Olivia Knight
Since March 2020, the GWMPP filled an instrumental role in the CCU COVID-19 Test Lab, by assisting with the complex daily logistics required for the viral and serological tests administered to patients and clinical staff.

In May, the CF and the Ministry of Labour, Solidarity and Social Security signed a protocol according to which the CF would provide diagnostic testing for several social entities in the country, while continuing in-house testing.

Under this protocol, a total of 1218 tests were requested for a total of 60 different social entities in the Lisbon District. These tests required that specific operations would be put in place so that each entity or municipal services could collect, conserve and deliver the respective sample collection kits safely and efficiently on a daily basis.

The kit preparation was done by the GWMPP Team in a tissue culture hood in sterile conditions. This process included safety protocols such as cutting and sealing the sterilisation sleeve and adding the virus inactivation solution to the tubes. To ensure the success of this operation, the team followed meticulous procedures of storage and organised records.

Glass Wash & Media Preparation Platform (GWMPP)

The Glass Wash & Media Preparation Platform supports investigators and laboratories at the CCU by providing clean and sterilised lab-ware such as glass, plastics and instruments, as well as preparing high quality tissue culture and bacteriological media required for standard research protocols.

Coordinator: Cátia Feliciano
Group Head: Maria José Vito
Technicians: Patrick Teca, Soraia Rodrigues, Madalena Martins

Histopathology Platform

2020 was a game changer for the Histopathology Platform, for two main reasons.

Firstly, and forced by the pandemic, we saw our team of histotechnologists reveal themselves as incredibly versatile and resourceful individuals, as they stepped in to ensure the health and safety of our entire community, in the context of COVID-19 testing. Initially, Sérgio and Maria Inês joined the task force and MTTP to help with the molecular testing of patients and clinical staff. And more recently, Inês, Maria Inês, Sérgio and Susana were asked to step outside of their comfort zone and warrant routine sample collection for onsite testing on us all. Kudos to them!

Secondly, and concerning our core expertise, we added two new team members with skills that complement already existing ones: Joana is an RNAscope specialist, a powerful tool for localising gene expression in tissue samples and that can be combined with protein expression detection; and Tânia is an experimental pathologist, whose role is to collaborate and advise researchers in conduct design and planning, and perform gross and histopathological analysis with correlation to clinical and other experimental data. We look forward to seeing what happens next year!

We transform fresh and fixed biological samples (cells, tissue biopsies, organs, whole organisms; from human, mouse, rat, fish, fly) into thin sections to be viewed under a microscope. And with specialised technicians and veterinary pathologists, we provide assistance in animal study design, including choice of fit-for-purpose animal/disease model/procedure for the experimental question, and of the appropriate method for organ collection, fixation and analysis. We also provide necropsy training and support, gross and microscopic examination with written reports and images, and assistance in manuscript preparation & grant submission.

Head: Tânia Carvalho
Histotechnologists: Inês Marques, Joana Carvalho, Maria Inês Romano, Sérgio Casimiro, Susana Dias

Coordinator: Cátia Feliciano
Histopathology Platform
In the beginning of 2020, the Hardware and Software Teams partnered-up to expand the range of languages and operating systems in which internally developed solutions can run on. This widened the user base while expediting implementation time.

The Hardware platform was also working on cementing and improving a series of internal development standards, which work to expedite code recycling and development time. On top of that, we were also concluding a multi-year development cycle, in which a series intercompatible devices were created with the goal of expediting the creation and collection of behavioural stimuli and routines.

With the arrival of the Sars-CoV-2 pandemic, the Software Platform switched gears, dedicating their time to two broad fronts: on one side to quickly shift the infrastructure in order to assist the scientific community with remote work, and on the other, supporting the focus4covid initiative.

Focus4covid is a website in which medical professionals can make centralised requests for assistance to a local or national community of both amateur and professional builders, thereby cutting time between identifying needs and having them fulfilled.

The Hardware Platform also adapted to support researchers and clinicians during the pandemic. First, it reorganised to keep the same level of assistance to the user base, while working remotely. It also contributed to the larger relief effort by designing and testing a cheap, easy to build ventilator to support the increasing need for these devices during the pandemic.

The Hardware Platform designed and tested a cheap, easy to build ventilator to support the increasing need for these devices during the pandemic.

Pedro Garcia da Silva

The Scientific Software Platform aims to support high-level scientific research by providing high-quality software support and ensuring the performance of CR computational infrastructures. With educational backgrounds in Software, Electrical and Physics Engineering, the platform's team members have a broad range of skills and knowledge in areas such as computer vision, image processing, machine learning, hardware control, graphics, web, data management and systems administration.

Coordinator: Pedro Garcia da Silva
Cloud Specialist: João Bautu
Data Manager: Hugo Cachitas
Software Developer: Luís Teixeira

The Flow Cytometry Platform is equipped with state of the art equipment to provide high quality service to the community and to external researchers who require this technology in their research projects. Flow cytometry staff provides training in flow cytometry concepts, experimental planning and controls, instrument operation as well as data analysis. In 2020, despite the pandemic situation, the platform expanded the cell separation hours by 20% (over 1200h) and kept the cell analysis hours (over 2000h).

Coordinator: Pedro Garcia da Silva
Group Head: Ana Vieira
Technicians: Carla Oliveira, Renato Colaço

The Flow Cytometry Platform

Pedro Garcia da Silva
Advanced BioImaging and BioOptics Experimental (ABBE) Platform

Part of our role is to serve as a bridge between the CF and microscopy companies, not only regarding the maintenance, service, and troubleshooting of our imaging equipment, but also in order to envision, negotiate, establish and keep long-term partnerships.

In this regard, the efforts of the previous year have brought to the finalisation of a unique contract between CF and ZEISS. Sven Terclavers (ZEISS manager) and the ABBE Platform, with the full support of the CF Board of Directors, CR directors and Pedro Garcia da Silva, have conceived together a plan that has a partial homologue in Harvard, but that goes visionarily beyond.

The established partnership, called Evergreen programme, not only provides constantly updated technology in a flexible manner, fully serviced and supported, but also gives to the platform the possibility to have access to unique training programmes, travel support for courses or conferences, the possibility to test in advance and shape the new coming technology and to collaborate in the translational process that transforms prototypes developed in house into fully flexible commercial systems.”

The Advanced BioImaging and BioOptics Experimental (ABBE) Platform provides the equipment and expertise to support CF researchers in the acquisition of high-quality microscopy data. The platform assists users throughout the complete imaging pipeline, including identifying imaging strategies, providing detailed technical training in image processing, and guiding analysis.

The ABBE Platform is managed by an international team with a multidisciplinary background, from Bio-Engineering to Physics and brings together expertise from light-sheet microscopy to super-resolution imaging. The facility is therefore able to offer multi-scale capacity, imaging protein interactions to whole organisms.

Platform Head: Davide Accardi
Microscopist and Imaging Specialist: Anna Pezzarossa
Research Technician: Leonor Morgado

Davide Accardi
CR Support Units

The staff of the CR Support Units continued to support the CR community throughout the pandemic, successfully managing alternative work schedules, school closures, and the rapidly changing safety protocols. Each unit developed hybrid and remote work protocols to ensure that they could continue to provide the services needed by the CR community, in-person when required, and remotely whenever possible. A special thanks should be given to the team members who volunteered in the COVID-19 Test Lab and in COVID-19 Testing Registration, as well as to the Operations Coordinator who took a leading role in maintaining the safety of the community by managing COVID-19 safety procedures and protocols at CR.

Direction Support

The Operations Manager was designated COVID-19 Operations Manager by the CR Direction Team. With this new role, Cátia assumed several responsibilities, including communicating COVID-19-related work policies to the CR Community and assessing compliance with health and safety practices at the CCU. This was achieved with continuous collaboration with the CCU’s Hospital Infection Control Committee (HICC). This cooperation emphasized the importance of having strong bonds between the Clinic and the Research areas at the CCU.

The Operations Manager also supported the CCU COVID-19 Test Lab with equipment requests, the Health, Safety and Environment Standard Operating Procedures, and a Waste Management Programme.

To support the expansion of operations responsibilities it was critical to recruit additional support to manage emergency issues in the laboratories. Consequently, Artur Silva, a member of the Hardware Platform, volunteered his expertise in engineering and equipment issues to serve as additional support to the Operations unit.

As the year unfolded, it became clear that the CR community required close guidance from the Directors to navigate the ever-changing status of the pandemic. Consequently, the CR Direction Executive Assistant shifted her focus towards ensuring the Directors’ communication channels to the community remained open and flexible, as the department swiftly adapted to new working conditions.

Frequent updates on the guidelines for safe and effective working conditions were needed, as well as working with the Directors on planning the future growth of the community.”

Ryan Herbert

The Direction Support Team receives, delegates and implements direct instructions from the Research Direction Team and the Director of Research Support. This team also serves as a primary contact point for any problem-solving needs within CR, being able to advise on the resources available to the CR community.

Director of Research Support: Ryan Herbert
Executive Assistant to the CR Direction Team: Inês Soeiro
Operations Manager: Cátia Feliciano
CF Pre-Award

The Pre-Award team disseminated 300 funding opportunities; assisted the CCU research community with the preparation and submission of 216 research project applications, to more than 60 different funding entities; and supported the successful awarding of 35 projects.”

Joana Lamego

Incepted in 2017, the CF Pre-Award team has developed, together with the CCU community, a unique framework for the provision of support to the securing of national and international funds for research. Grounded in four key pillars (Personal Tailoring, Coordination, Continuous Monitoring and Support), we assist our researchers throughout the first stages of the grant life cycle up to the award of the funding for their research endeavours.

Coordinator: Joana Lamego
Grant Managers (Pre-Award Front-Office Team): Filipa Lourenço Cardoso, Bruno Cieha, Mariana Santa-Marta, Andreia Tavares

Communication Events & Outreach (CEO) Team

Following a strategy designed in 2019, this team was restructured and expanded during the first months of 2020. In January, the CR’s SciCom Team and CF’s Communication Team became a single group that now serves the wider CCU community. As part of this plan, two new team members were hired – the Digital Content & Social Media Editor and the Junior Motion Graphic Artist & Video Editor, allowing the team to expand its range of expertise. The team’s diverse set of goals and of initiatives targeting different publics, are accomplished by the collaborative efforts of this interdisciplinary team.”

Catarina Ramos

The mission of the Communication, Events & Outreach (aka CEO!) team is to effectively and accurately communicate the scientific, clinical and institutional activity being carried out at the Champalimaud Centre for the Unknown. This team is responsible for maintaining fluent internal and external communication channels and strives to be at the forefront of communication, events organisation and outreach activities by combining classic methods with innovative and experimental approaches.

Coordinator (Science Communication, Education & Outreach): Catarina Ramos
Coordinator (Clinical and Institutional Communication & Events): Teresa Fernandes
Scientific Events Coordinator: António José Monteiro
Science Writer & Content Developer: Liad Hollender
English Teacher & Social Media Editor: John Lee
Senior Designer: Marta Correia
Junior Designer: Diogo Matias
Digital Content & Social Media Editor: Maria João Lourenço
Senior Multimedia Producer & AV Tech: Alexandre Azinheira
Junior Motion Graphic Artist & Video Editor: Tiago Coelho
Events Organiser: Ana Casaca
Project Manager (LaMAA): André Mendonça

The new CEO Team structure facilitated to the realisation of multiple initiatives during 2020, such as the Open Hearts Solidarity Campaign. During this campaign, the CCU community contributed a great number of items, including food and clothes, to several Portuguese charitable organisations.
Graduate Programme Office

The Graduate Programme Office operates the Teaching Lab and Classroom, which are the hubs of our PhD programme and all courses at Champalimaud Research. The team deals with the administrative and logistic aspects of the INPDP programme, the CAJAL courses, and other teaching events. The team also manages the CR library, the Teaching Lab space, and the Classroom bookings.

The office also assists with the student’s social events, organises the INPDP recruiting process, and hosts the annual INPDP SAB visits. The Graduate Programme Office also became responsible for supporting applications to external PhD fellowship funding.

The Graduate Programme Office coordinates the academic accreditation and compliance of Champalimaud graduate programmes with our academic partners and the national accreditation agency, A3ES. Our PhD programme is an academic partnership with ITQB/Universidade Nova de Lisboa and Instituto Superior de Psicologia Aplicada, which are the degree-granting institutions.

Coordinator: Thiago Carvalho
Managers: Maria Teresa Dias, Simone Zacarias (until September 2020)
Assistant Manager: Jorge Henriques (from October 2020)

Health & Science

“From mapping brain circuits associated with mania, to augmented reality technology used for the first time to guide breast-cancer surgery with personalised breast models, and the confirmation of the “Watch-and-Wait” strategy as a possible replacement for surgery in more than 20% of rectal cancers – the team has brought CF’s clinical and experimental research work to the attention of the general public.”

Teresa Fernandes

As CF’s clinical research activities expand and diversify, the output from projects developed at the Champalimaud Clinical Centre, and in particular by the Research Groups of the Clinical and Experimental Research Programme, call for increasing communication efforts. This includes the production of content and events to bridge the gap between clinical research and the public at large.

Coordinator (Clinical and Institutional Communication & Events): Teresa Fernandes
Health & Science Writer: Ana Gerschenfeld
The pandemic has shown the resiliency of remote work and has motivated us to improve and adapt our procedures. Special focus was placed on virtual onboarding processes and the smooth and successful articulation of the interteams processes and routines, from coffee breaks to payroll processing meetings. We are continually improving ways of remote assistance, of coordinating with public offices and digital bureaucratic affairs, as well as being as present as if in the office next door.”

Teresa Carona

CR has around 400 affiliated researchers and staff. This office aims to ease communication between CR and CF’s central offices and services, and also to ensure that all commitments with the researchers are met.

We provide assistance with personnel affairs, from the recruiting stage to follow up after leaving the CCU. We are increasingly focused on the wellbeing of our researchers and co-workers not only with respect to work-related issues, but also with respect to various social issues.

Unit Head: Teresa Carona
Assistant: Pedro Alves

The Laboratory Administration team provides support to the scientists working at CR so that they can focus on research. Every laboratory is assigned a Lab Administrator that works closely with the PIs and lab managers assisting the labs in their ordering process, budget management, travel arrangements, and other tasks necessary to managing the lab. The lab Administrators coordinate with other CR support units and CF departments such as post-award, logistics, accounting, IT, and maintenance, as well as external agents such as suppliers, service providers, shipping companies and brokers.

Unit Coordinator: Raquel Gonçalves
Laboratory Administrators: António Raposo, Margarida Nunes, Rita Saraiva, Telma Carrilho, Vesna Petojevic

Three members of the Lab Admin Team (António Raposo, Margarida Nunes, Rita Saraiva) volunteering at the CCU COVID-19 Test Lab

Raquel Gonçalves
Project Managers

QuantOCancer

Beyond increased research capacity and network building, QuantOCancer project aims to develop institutional strategies towards equity, inclusion and diversity and engage a responsible research and innovation culture. In 2020, QuantOCancer project team:

- Launched an online webinar and workshop series (Your Data, Your Story: showcase and share it right!) – bringing to the CCU (virtually) experts on open science, data management and transparency in publishing, exposing early-stage researchers to best practices.

- Coordinated an application for the HR Excellence in Research Award (successfully awarded in October 2020).

- Together with a group of proactive CCU volunteers, consulted with external discrimination and gender inequity expert Prof. Sabine Oertelt-Prigione to design preventative structures for a healthy working environment and, separately, a workshop on Sex and Gender Dimensions in Frontier Research.

- In line with public engagement and science education aims, initiated a mentorship programme (Ciencia di Noz Manera) with a local Lisbon high school, connecting low-access underrepresented groups directly with active researchers.

CONGENTO

2020 marked the end of the first funding granted directly to the consortium formed by CF, CEDOC, IGC and iMM (through FCT and ERDF/Lisboa2020).

During 3 years, 3.5 M€ were used to endow the infrastructure with state-of-the-art equipment and highly specialised human resources, to the benefit of the national biomedical research community working with genetically tractable organisms. At CR, this was mainly translated into an increased capacity for hosting animals and generating new strains, as well as into a diversification of the services provided and training opportunities.

As an answer to the contingencies of the SARS-CoV-2 outbreak, remote training activities were developed – from webinars to video tutorials. Although being prepared since 2019, the launching of an online Laboratory Animal Science Theoretical Course (required to apply for a license to perform procedures in animals) was also an important contribution to keep science running during lockdown periods.”

João Cruz

Office for Sponsored Programmes – Post-Award

OSP Post-Award embraced the new year of 2020 expecting new challenges and chances to grow. Each year prior, both the number of active projects and associated budget under the team’s management and administration had consistently increased. We all knew 2020 would be no different. From learning to deal with a few funding agencies for the first time, to all the question marks around Horizon Europe, the 9th European Union Research & Innovation Investment Programme, the team anticipated plenty of novelty. Except for the unprecedented pandemic.

The disruption to our normal operating procedures created an opportunity to reevaluate those very same procedures while forcing us to adjust and adapt to the renowned limitations that came with each wave of lockdown. We learned to operate remotely, to communicate effectively from a distance, to work together despite often isolated. We benefited from fewer but more focused meetings, took advantage of increased time flexibility and much reduced commute times. We especially valued the increased quality of our internal and external interactions.

By December of 2020, OSP Post-Award had helped to manage 146 research projects and to submit nearly 100 financial and scientific reports. Record numbers only possible thanks to the such an outstanding community of researchers, support services, departments and inspiring leadership at CF.”

Joaquim Teixeira

The Post-Award Team at the Office for Sponsored Programmes (OSP) provides support in management and administration of external funds for research, including financial and scientific reporting, eligibility of expenditure, compliance and external audits.

The Post-Award team also functions as a facilitator of the more bureaucratic aspects of grant management, thereby creating a bridge between the CR Scientific Community and the funding agencies. Post-award’s support is also provided by a resident team of project officers from Verbochave, Consultoria Lda.

Coordinator: Joaquim Teixeira
Scientific Officer: Francisco Semedo
Project Officers: Carina Quintal, Helena Duarte, Henrique Moreira, Inês Bonifácio, Pedro Monteiro, Rizwana Mahomed, Sandra Jacinto, Sofia Venâncio, Vanda Vicente

The Project Managers are responsible for the day-to-day implementation of large scale institutional and consortia projects. They play a pivotal liaison role, acting as the centre of communication for all internal and external stakeholders, monitoring project progress, identifying risks, coordinating technical reporting and ensuring effective dissemination.

EU Funded Projects (QuantOCancer): Laura Ward
Research Infrastructures (CONGENTO): João Cruz


Review Articles


Case Reports


External Funding

The list below includes external competitive funds that were awarded during 2020, as well as external competitive funds that were awarded previously and were actively running at the CCU during 2020.

Institutional Projects

**European Commission Horizon 2020**

- **Human Brain Project Specific Grant**
  - Co-Investigator: EBRAMS
  - Call/Programme: H2020-EGA-FETFLAG-MANIPULATION-2017
  - Active period: 01/04/18-31/03/20
  - Leveraging the unique organizational approach to health and disease of the human brain through the operation of a qualitative biomarker research programme focused on cancer classification from raw pixels.

- **WIDESPREAD 2016-2017**
  - Active period: 01/01/18-30/09/20
  - Funding para a Ciência e a Tecnologia Chopin Research Programme
  - Call/Programme: 2017/2018 R&D Unit week 1
  - Active period: 01/01/20-31/12/23

- **Portugal 2020 (PT2020)**
  - **CONGENTO - Consortium for Senitifically Transferable Clinical Studies**
    - Active period: 01/06/17-31/05/20
  - **PT2020 - BIOMAGING**
    - **INFRAESTRUTURAS 2.0**
      - Platform of Biomaging
      - Call/Programme: INFRAESTRUTURAS 2.0
      - Active period: 01/07/18-31/05/19
  - **Biodata et Portuguese Biological Data Network**
    - Coordination: Instituto Gulbenkian de Ciência
    - Call/Programme: SAICHT/2016
    - Active period: 01/06/17-31/05/20
    - **Biodata et Portuguese Biological Data Network**
      - Coordination: Instituto Gulbenkian de Ciência
      - Call/Programme: SAICHT/2016
      - Active period: 01/06/17-31/05/20

- **International Society of Cancer Imaging**
  - **International Conference on Cancer Imaging**
    - Active period: 01/01/20-31/12/20

- **National Academy of Medicine**
  - **NOVA Medical School**
    - **Carolina Pestana (João lab)**
      - **Innovate Competition, prize for the project “Statistical methods for the study of extracellular vesicles’ content and their potential as biomarkers of multiple myeloma aggressiveness”**
    - **Pfizer**
      - **Henriota Viega Fernandez (Viega Fernandez lab)**
        - **PredictCML**
          - **Prémios de Investigação Clínica e Investigação Básica**

- **Roche Neuroscience Innovation Program**
  - **Romain Ligneul (Magain lab)**
    - **Neuro-Headset project won the 3rd place award in the Building Tomorrow Together Contest**

Research Projects/Grants

- **American Portuguese Biomedical Research Fund**
  - **Rita Flor**
    - **Effective surveillance - the immune system and glioblastoma**
      - Call/Programme: Catalyst Programme
      - Active period: 2021/06/29-31/01/22

- **Brain and Behavior Research Foundation**
  - **Romain Ligneul (Magain lab)**
    - **Neuro-Headset project**
      - **Buck Institute Innovation Program**
      - **Roche Neuroscience Innovation Program**
        - **Pfizer**
          - **Eunice Viega Fernandez (Viega Fernandez lab)**

Patents

**Neurobiology of Action lab**: US patent on neural BMI technology
(US10351241B2)

- **Robust coding with spiking neurons: a geometrically parametric place cell classification from raw pixels**
  - James P. Brovmeier, Novembro K., Wimalasena, Kelsey C. Clauwing, David Yarmolinsky, Thomas Cruz, Eugenia Chiappe, Lauren L. Oreiff, Clifford M.
  - Wolf, Christopher D Harvey. bioRxiv

- **Dopamine responses reveal efficient encoding during model-based action**
  - medRxiv
  - DOI: 10.1101/2020.09.06.20189241.

- **Leveraging the unique organizational approach to health and disease of the human brain through the operation of a qualitative biomarker research programme focused on cancer classification from raw pixels**
  - Heras FJH, Cristofero AM, de Polavieja GG. arXiv

- **Novel competition test for food rewards reveals stable dopamine signaling in drug-seeking mice**
  - Dr. Carlos Monteiro, Rui Costa, Joana Serafim, Carolina Pestana, Marta Chaves, Carolina Pestana, Rita Flor. bioRxiv
  - DOI: https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.06.25.16357.

- **Threat induces changes in cardiac activity and metabolism**
  - Luz M, Harris TD. bioRxiv
  - DOI: https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.10.27.358291.

- **Supervised dimensionality reduction in single neuron recordings**
  - Pachitariu M, Bauza M, Beau M, Nederkoorn CJ, Agarwal G, Bonacchi N, Mainen ZF. bioRxiv

- **Cardiac activity and metabolism during olfactory navigation**
  - DOI: https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.06.15.148338.

- **Striatal Circuits Support Broadly Opponent Aspects of Action**
  - Woolf, Christopher D Harvey. bioRxiv

- **Long-density probe for stable, long-term recording**

- **DeepEthogram: a machine learning pipeline for ungrounded behavior**
  - Ito Y, Cools R. bioRxiv
  - DOI: https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.02.18.935494.

- **Leveraging the unique organizational approach to health and disease of the human brain through the operation of a qualitative biomarker research programme focused on cancer classification from raw pixels**
  - Heras FJH, Cristofero AM, de Polavieja GG. arXiv

- **Neuropixels 2.0: A miniaturized novel BMI technology. (US10512410B2)**
  - Mazucatto L. bioRxiv
  - DOI: https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.06.15.148338.

- **Robust coding with spiking neurons: a geometrically parametric place cell classification from raw pixels**
  - James P. Brovmeier, Novembro K., Wimalasena, Kelsey C. Clauwing, David Yarmolinsky, Thomas Cruz, Eugenia Chiappe, Lauren L. Oreiff, Clifford M.
  - Wolf, Christopher D Harvey. bioRxiv

- **Dopamine responses reveal efficient encoding during model-based action**
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- **Supervised dimensionality reduction in single neuron recordings**
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- **Striatal Circuits Support Broadly Opponent Aspects of Action**
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- **Long-density probe for stable, long-term recording**

- **DeepEthogram: a machine learning pipeline for ungrounded behavior**
  - Ito Y, Cools R. bioRxiv
  - DOI: https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.02.18.935494.
Megan Carey
Cerebellar circuits for locomotor
effectiveness in health and

disease (OCD: AREN)
Call/Programme: ERC-2019-CoG
Active period: 01/06/20-30/04/21
Eugenie Chiappe
Circuit mechanisms of self-movement,
integration during walking
Call/Programme: ERC-2017-STG
Active period: 01/01/16-31/12/18
Rui Costa
Behaviour Phenotyping using
Co-Registering
Call/Programme: ERC-2018-POC
Active period: 01/01/19-30/09/20
Henrique Veiga-Fernandes
Glia-derived factors in innate lymphoid
cell function
Call/Programme: ERC-2014-CoG
Active period: 01/06/18-31/05/20
Bruno Costa-Silva
(Studied by: ALICIA VMFC)
European Society for Immunology
European LTBS Academy
in Immunology and Microbiology
Call/Programme: H2020-ERA-NET-ITN
Active period: 01/06/20-31/12/20
European Commission
FFP-Seventh Framework Programme
Eduardo Moreno
Active Mechanisms of Cell Selection:
From Cell Competition to Cell Fitness
Call/Programme: ERC-2012-CoG
Active period: 01/09/16-31/05/20
European Commission – Marie
Skłodowska-Curie Actions
David Brezla López (Veiga-Fernandes lab)
Neuronal reprogramming during
the generation of new neurons
in the dentate gyrus
Call/Programme: H2020-MSCA-IF
Active period: 01/09/18-30/09/20
Zachary Mainen
Modulation of cortical circuits and
predictive neural coding by endocannabinoids
Call/Programme: ERC-2014-ADG
Active period: 01/10/16-31/05/20
Susana Lima
Tegmental Area: A pathway for post-
traumatic stress disorder and
vulnerability to addiction
Call/Programme: H2020-MSCA-IF
Active period: 01/09/18-30/09/20
Martin Moita
Aesthetics, attention and
neural plasticity in visual learning
Call/Programme: H2020-MSCA-IF
Active period: 01/09/17-30/09/20
Anabela Oliveira-Maiá & Nicholas Panapoukouzou (Coordinated by: Helsingin ja Oulun yliopisto)
Bacterial signalling and the immune system
Call/Programme: H2020-MSCA-IF
Active period: 01/10/16-31/05/20
Andrea Lunis (Shemesh lab)
MRI-based mapping of microscopic
activity during in vivo experiments
Call/Programme: H2020-MSCA-IF
Active period: 01/09/18-30/09/20
Rita Fior
Zebrafish patient-derived
ependymal cell culture
Call/Programme: H2020-SC1-2017-
CHALLENGE
Active period: 01/11/17-30/12/19
Luísa Vasconcelos
Spatial attention: dissecting the
effects of attentional set-shifting
on cognitive and emotional
functioning
Call/Programme: H2020-SC1-2017-
CHALLENGE
Active period: 01/11/17-30/12/19
Michael Orger
Whole-brain circuits controlling
natural corticofugal
sensory reflexes
Call/Programme: ERC-2017-CoG
Active period: 01/02/18-31/01/20
Michael Orger (Coordinated by: Instituto de Neurociencias)
A computer game-based task
called “Semetre”
Call/Programme: H2020-SC1-2017-
CHALLENGE
Active period: 01/10/18-31/08/20
Eugenia Chiappe
Coordination: University of
Exeter Medical School
Active period: 01/06/20-31/07/22
European Crohn’s and Colitis
Organisation
Roksana Pirzgalla (Veiga-
Fernandes lab), ECOO (European Crohn’s and Colitis
Organisation)
A meningoneural approach to
inflammatory bowel disease
Call/Programme: EECG Grant
Active period: 01/06/21-31/05/22
Cancer Research UK
Carlos Ribeiro
Project Head Pd1 (Julia Cardoso, University of Glasgow)
Drosophila as a model to study
neuroimmune networks and
behavioural changes
Call/Programme: Translational Award
Active period: 01/06/20-30/04/22
Megan Carey
Modeling motor cortex mechanisms
involved in learning and
memory
Call/Programme: ERC-2019-CoG
Active period: 01/06/20-30/04/21
Noam Shemesh
Sensing activity induced cell swellings
and ensuing neurotransmitter
rhythms in visual cortex
Call/Programme: ERC-2012-ADG
Active period: 01/03/16-30/02/20
Luís Travade (Oliveira-Maiá lab)
Neural control of the immune system in
metastatic breast cancer
Call/Programme: EACI-750407
Active period: 01/06/16-31/02/20
Carlos Ribeiro
Making and Impulsivity
Call/Programme: 02/SAICT/2017
Active period: 01/08/18-31/07/21
Leopoldo Petreanu
Social behavior: an eco-evo-devo
perspective
Call/Programme: 02/SAICT/2017
Active period: 01/08/18-31/07/21
Nicolas Panapoukouzou
Drosophila melanogaster.
The social fly: genetic architecture
and common pathophysiological
traits
Call/Programme: 02/SAICT/2017
Active period: 01/09/17-31/08/20
João Corrêa (Oliveira-Maiá lab)
Obesity and reward transfer and reinforcement learning: exploring the
effects of obesogenic diets on a
cortical decision making
Call/Programme: 02/SAICT/2017
Active period: 01/06/16-31/02/20
Manuela Ferreira (Veiga-Fernandes lab)
Maximal and minimal limit decided
by the role of ovipositor extrusion
Call/Programme: 02/SAICT/2017
Active period: 01/10/18-30/09/21
Manuela Ferreira (Veiga-Fernandes lab)
Coordinated: Instituto Nacional de
Saúde Doutor Ricardo Jorge (ip, ip
Iigs, ip)
Early life exposure to MvOxins
Call/Programme: 02/SAICT/2017
Active period: 01/08/18-31/07/21
Abílio Oliveira-Maiá
Coordination: University Hospital
Murburg
The social fly: genetics of social
behavior
Call/Programme: Norma Transitória BPD
Active period: 01/03/15-31/12/24
Michael Orger (Co-PI: P. Rui Oliveira, Instituto de Neurociencias de Canarias)
Development and transpositional
plasticity of memory
Call/Programme: H2020-STCS-ITN
Active period: 01/09/18-30/09/20
Michael Orger
Whole-brain mechanisms of operant
learning in zebrafish larvae, circuits,
and behavior
Call/Programme: H2020-SC1-2017-
CHALLENGE
Active period: 01/10/18-30/09/21
Carlos Ribeiro (Coordinated by: lCaixa) Foundation)
Neural regulation of the immune system in
metastatic breast cancer
Call/Programme: EACI-750407
Active period: 01/06/16-31/05/21
Ana Fernandes (Oliveira-Maiá lab)
From the Vagus Nerve to the Ventral
Tegmental Area: A pathway for post-
traumatic stress disorder
Call/Programme: H2020-SC1-2017-
CHALLENGE
Active period: 01/08/16-31/07/20
Zachary Mainen
Neural mechanism of value based
reward learning and decision making
in monkeys and rats
Call/Programme: EACI-70407
Active period: 01/09/18-30/09/21
Zita Santos (Ribeiro lab)
Call/Programme: Norma Transitória BPD
Active period: 2019-2024
Laia Caixa Foundation
Henrique Veiga-Fernandes
NeurinK RISS - Unraveling Neural
and Neuroimmune Systems: The
Impact of Neuronal System
Infections
Call/Programme: H2020-STCS-ITN
Active period: 2018-2021
Carlos Ribeiro
Microbe, microbiota and the brain:
Understanding mechanisms
underpinning the impact of essential
microbes on brain development
Call/Programme: H2020-SC1-2017-
CHALLENGE
Active period: 01/10/18-30/09/21
Leopoldo Petreanu
Cortical circuits for sensory expectations
Call/Programme: H2020-SC1-2017-
CHALLENGE
Active period: 01/08/16-31/06/20
Christa Rihner
Motor mechanisms of adult neural
plasticity during flexion training
in Monophasic
Call/Programme: H2020-SC1-2017-
CHALLENGE
Active period: 01/08/16-31/06/20
Carlos Ribeiro
Microbe, microbiota and the brain:
Understanding mechanisms
underpinning the impact of essential
microbes on brain development
Call/Programme: H2020-SC1-2017-
CHALLENGE
Active period: 2018-2021
**Câmara Municipal de Lisboa**

Coordinator: Catarina Ramos in collaboration with Trellex

**O LaMMA vs Fondo**

Call/Programme: BIP PhD

Active period: 30/09/20-31/10/21

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**Education Projects**

**BPI & "la Caixa" Foundation**

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